The Daily Sentinel.

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The Daily Sentinel.

WM. E. PELL, PROPRIETOR.

From the National Intelligencer.

AN UNEXPECTED CONFESSION.

When the bill introduced by Mr. Edmunds, of Vermont, for manipulating the votes of the Southern States in the electoral college, was under consideration in the Senate, Mr. Williams, of Oregon, made some admissions which we hardly expected from that quarter, in view of the extreme course that he has hitherto pursued. But the revolutionary march of Radicalism, sweeping away in its destructive progress every time-honored principle and tradition, and uprooting all the accepted doctrines of the Constitution, begins to alarm even those who have heretofore lent themselves to these violent measures, and who now feel, that like Robespierre and others, they may become the victims of that desperate policy which they had once so recklessly urged.—They have set a ball in motion which cannot be arrested until its race has been run; and if those who would now check its wild and furious career pay a part of the penalty which it involved, they will escape with less punishment than might be justly claimed from an outraged and disturbed country.

The confession of Mr. Williams is worthy of notice, and we commend it to the candid judgment of all who have been deluded or carried away by Radical teachings:

"It there is any objection that has been urged with force against the present Congress, *it is the assumption of power over the States of the Union; the disregard of the rights of the States.* I do not, of course, fully sympathize with that objection; but, at the same time, this proposition assumes that whenever a *party majority in Congress chooses not to recognize a State government, at that moment that State ceases to have any right of representation in the electoral college.* It will be said, as it seems to me, by those who are opposed to the policy of the present Congress, that the majority here have assumed the power to say that any State in the Union shall not be entitled to have representation in the electoral college. Is that a power which can safely at this time be exercised by this Congress? *I ask if we have not burdens enough to carry at this time, derived from the legislation that has taken place in reference to the reconstruction of the rebel States?* Is it necessary now that we should adopt this abstraction relating to all the States of the Union, by which we put ourselves in the position before the country of saying that at any time, whenever it suits the views or interests of a party majority in Congress, any State of this Union may be deprived of its right to vote for President or Vice President of the United States? I say we expose ourselves to this criticism at the hands of our political opponents, and it is a criticism that it will be difficult to answer."

Every syllable of this is true. The whole legislation of Congress has been a flagrant "assumption of power over the States of the Union, and a disregard of the rights of the States." The effort has been to destroy the federal system upon which this Government was founded, and to build up a centralized and consolidated form, with Congress as the governing power. Hence all the schemes for crippling the Executive and destroying his constitutional functions, as well as the open and outrageous shackles imposed upon the judiciary to prevent its free utterance, and the discharge of those just duties for which the Supreme Court was specially constituted.

In this work of subversion and destruction it was necessary to cast the Constitution aside, because its recognition in any shape imposed a check which would necessarily defeat the revolutionists. Hence Mr. Stevens and his followers boldly avowed that all their legislation was "outside the Constitution." In the face of that declaration, made by the foremost chief of Radicalism, and accepted by his party, it may well be asked, What value has all such legislation? To what respect is it entitled?—Where is its validity? Any caucus would have as much authority to pass laws, which are proclaimed by their own authors to be in disregard of the Constitution. If they may thus trample under foot the supreme law of the land, which commands the first obedience, and which these Destructives swore to support, with what propriety can it be claimed that their vindictive bills and persecuting proclamations shall receive respect?

Mr. Williams asked his colleagues, with much force and reason: "If we have not burdens enough to carry at this time, derived from the legislature that has taken place in reference to the reconstruction of the rebel States?" They did not find it convenient to answer that pertinent question; but the people will answer for them at the ballot box next November. In the whole history of representative government, we doubt if so many outrages were ever perpetrated against the liberties and rights of the people as this Radical Congress and its predecessor have committed. They have abused the power of members to strike down every vestige of free institutions, to subordinate every great interest to their political supremacy, to follow with vengeance every individual who condemned their policy, and to convert the legislative department into a mere machine for party purposes.

THE EDMUNDS ELECTORAL COLLEGE BILL. The most significant act of the present session of Congress was the passage the other day of the joint resolution, introduced in the Senate by Mr. Edmunds, to regulate the counting of the electoral vote cast in November for President and Vice President of the United States. Notwithstanding the boasts of the Radicals that Seymour and Blair can easily be defeated, it is evident that they do not believe their own statement; hence, the passage of the resolution above referred to, which in effect virtually places in the power of the majority of the two Houses in that convention to throw out the electoral votes of Southern States, if they should be open to be cast for the Democratic candidates, and count them if they should be given for the Radical nominees. This is clearly the meaning of the recent legislation of the Rump; and, as there is no doubt of its enactment, the question is, will the people of the country submit to it? If Mr. Seymour shall be elected, will they allow a Rump Congress to defraud him of his right to hold the Chief Executive office of this Republic?

If the people are not allowed to choose their own President, the sooner the fact is definitely ascertained the better. The Democrats, from Maine to California, are in earnest; and it they elect their candidates on the 3d of November, they will inaugurate them on the 4th of March—peaceably if they can, forcibly if they must.—*Wash. (Evening) Express.*

SEYMOUR AND BLAIR.

Immense meetings, ratifying the nomination of Seymour and Blair, are being held in the principal cities of the Union.

The meeting in St. Louis was large and enthusiastic, and prominent gentlemen, heretofore hostile to the Democratic party, announced their determination to support Seymour and Blair. Missouri will give a rousing Democratic majority.

A spontaneous meeting was held in Louisville, Kentucky, on Thursday night, immediately after the reception of the news of the nomination. Speeches were made by Governor Bramlette, Geo. D. Prentice, and other prominent gentlemen. Geo. D. Prentice closed his speech as follows: "It is fitting that we rejoice. It is proper that we thank God and our own indomitable Democratic souls for our prospective deliverance. That we are to be delivered I know and feel as well as if the spirit of prophecy were upon me. I see victory upon us as plainly as I ever saw a star in heaven. But victory presupposes battle. To win it we must fight. And are we not prepared for the strife? Our country has long been filled with gloom and desolation and woe. A Government as horrid as a nightmare or an earth-devil or a hell-devil sits upon her bosom. The most beautiful portion of our broad land is swept by a sea of tyranny worse than a lake of fire and brimstone.—Let us, then, all of us, go forth to our work. If by our own fault we fall in the mighty cause in which we are now engaged, God's curses and mankind's and our own will rest upon us."

In Cleveland, Detroit, Omaha, Milwaukie, and, in fact, in nearly all the leading cities, impromptu demonstrations have been held, or arrangements are in progress for suitable demonstrations in honor of the ticket.

The Radical nominees have failed to inspire enthusiasm. Their names have disappeared. No one appears to think of them or speak of them. The revolution in public sentiment which commenced last summer is going forward, and it will not stop until there is a change effected in the administration of the Government.

A NEGRO PROPHET IN HANOVER COUNTY, VA.—A correspondent of the Alexandria *Gazette* thus writes from Hanover County, under date of 6th of July: "Early yesterday morning every road and by-path of our lovely land was filled with hurrying crowds of men, women, and children of the colored race, wending their way to the home of Baylor the prophet. Baylor is an old negro who has seen the Almighty face to face, and talked with him as man talks with man. He knows all things, present, past and future. He has wooden angels, good and bad, which he keeps chained in his domicil, who perform at his bidding the most extraordinary feats, and over whom he keeps vigils night and day. He gives to all who ask it the body and blood of the Saviour. He has constructed a chariot, in which he sits, and from which he discloses his wonderful visions and astounding revelations, and in which he designs to ride triumphantly to Heaven, like Elijah of old. To this strange being hundreds of the sons and daughters of Africa, for miles and miles around, were speeding their way, puffing, blowing, fanning, seething and sweltering beneath the melting rays of the July sun, to drink in the streams of supernatural wisdom which flow from his Heaven inspired lips."

[From the Port Gibson (Miss.) Standard.]

SPOONS FOR BUTLER—PONIES FOR GRANT.—We read in a Mobile paper that a little son of General Grant rides about in the city of Washington on a pony, followed by a soldier in the uniform of the United States army. We think the occupation of the soldier might be more aptly filled by an eunuch of the Eastern Hemisphere. But to the pony there hangs a tale: If it is a Shetland pony it belongs to James W. Watson, of this county. After the surrender of Vicksburg, Grant's little boy rode a pony about the streets of that city attended by a negro. The little boy used to say that *Pa captured* him from the rebs. But the rebs thought his Pa had *stolen* him from the owner; and that stealing ponies for his children was not leading them in the way they should go. People in this region talk freely about the thefts of Butler and Washburn; but in our ethics there is little or no difference between stealing spoons and stealing ponies—since neither should be taken for public military use, or accounted for in the quartermaster's department. If there is truth in history, General Scott would have had all three of the foregoing Generals arrested, tried and punished by court-martial.

MISCELLANEOUS.

SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION!

On the 17th day of August 1868, in pursuance of a decree in Equity, made at June Term, 1867, and amended at June Term, 1868, of the Supreme Court of N. C., in the case wherein the Heron Mining Company is complainant and Joseph Weisman is respondent, I shall proceed to sell at the door of the Court House of the County of Wake, in the city of Raleigh, to the highest bidder, the following described property, being all the land and mining interests, mentioned and described in the pleadings, to wit: About

SIXTEEN TRACTS OF LAND,

containing in all some

4,000 ACRES OR MORE.

Also the mining privilege upon two other tracts of some

1,000 ACRES OR MORE.

This land is situate in the County of Wake, and near the city of Raleigh. There is a continuous and many parallel veins of Graphite, Plumbago or Black Lead, much of it of the highest quality, extending throughout the entire chain of tracts, some twelve miles in length.

Terms, 3 per cent cash, and the residue of the purchase money upon a credit of one, two and three years.

W. S. MASON, Commissioner.

Jun 30-4 t

CORN! CORN! CORN!

1,000 BUSHELS CORN.—PRIME WHITE! The cheapest in town. For sale by DOUGLAS BELL,

July 11-tf

For Sale.

A LARGE CONSIGNMENT OF TIN WARE,

Consisting of Coffee Pots, Covered Buckets, Wash Basins, Fant Cups, Pie Plates, Pepper Boxes and Strainers, —to be sold low. per W. H. JONES & CO., against Auct'rs & Com. Merchants. that

July 13-tf

For Sale, ught to

5,000 CHEAP CIGARS, to of each Democrat, a signment. W. H JONES & CO., sympathy

July 13-tf Auct'r's & Com. Merch. *Dispatch*

WHOLESALE & RETAIL GROCERS.

Corn, Corn, Corn.

4,000 BUSHELS OF CORN arriving and to arrive at UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

June 20-tf

Coffee, Coffee.

20 BAGS MORE RIO COFFEE, at UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

June 20-tf

Snuff, Snuff.

5 BBLS. MORE EGERTON SNUFF. Just to hand at UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

June 5

Candles, Candles.

20 BOXES MORE ADAMANTINE CANDLES Just arrived at UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

June 5-tf

Sugar, Sugar.

20 BBLS EXTRA C SUGAR Just received at UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

June 22-tf

Candles, Candles.

70 BOXES ADAMANTINE CANDLES. For sale at UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

June 22-tf

Lard, Lard.

3,000 LBS. FAMILY LARD IN Tierces and Kegs. For sale by UPCHURCH & DODD.

June 24-tf

Soap, Soap.

2,500 LBS. ROSIN SOAP. Just received by UPCHURCH & DODD.

June 22-tf

Salt, Salt.

100 SACKS MORE FINE SALT. For sale at UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

June 22-tf

Leather, Leather.

A LARGE SUPPLY OF HEMLOCK LEATHER. For sale by UPCHURCH & DODD.

June 22-tf

Essence of Coffee.

ANOTHER SUPPLY ESS. OF COFFEE. Just received at UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

June 22-tf

Meal, Meal, Meal.

FINE WHITE BOLTED MEAL, the best in town, for sale by DOUGLAS AELL.

July 17-tf

Corn, Corn, Corn.

500 BUSHELS For sale at low price. DOUGLAS BELL.

July 17-tf

Bacon, Bacon, Bacon.

10,000 LBS. RIB SIDES. Just received by DOUGLAS BELL.

July 17-tf

Family Roe Herring.

20 HALF BARRELS. In Store and for sale by DOUGLAS BELL.

July 17-tf

Flour, Flour, Flour.

20 BBLS. N. C. FLOUR, in store and for sale, at low price, to close consignment. DOUGLAS BELL.

June 26-tf

Corn! Prime White Corn!!

ONE DOLLAR AND A-HALF per bushel. Just received by DOUGLAS BELL.

June 26-tf

Bacon, Bacon, Bacon.

5,000 LBS. RIB SIDES, which will be sold for cash, very low, by DOUGLAS BELL.

June 26-tf

HERRINGS, HERRINGS.

25 half bbls. N. C. Roe Herrings.
30 " " Cut do
20 " Labrador do
For sale low by DOUGLAS BELL.

June 22-tf

PRIME CAROLINA RICE. Just received by DOUGLAS BELL.

June 22-tf

Corn, Corn.

ONE THOUSAND BUSHELS PRIME WHITE CORN, now arriving at DOUGLAS BELL'S.

June 22-tf

SOLE LEATHER;

TRUNKS, VALISES, LEATHER AND MOROCCO TRAVELING BAGS,

For Ladies and Gentlemen, at

April 23-tf R. B. ANDREWS & CO.

25 FACTORY CHEESE.

April 30-tf W. ROB'T ANDREWS.

IRISH POTATOES FOR PLANTING.

10 bbls. White Mercer Potatoes.
10 bbls. Peach Blow do
15 bbls. N. C. do
At ANDREWS'.

Mar 5—tf

FAMILY FLOUR.

25 bbls. Family Patapsco
26 " Superfine
15 " Family N. C.
At ANDREWS'.

Mar 5—tf

10 CASKS ENGLISH ALE AND PORTER in bottles.

April 30-tf W. ROB'T ANDREWS.

25 BOXES FRESH CANDIES—Assorted.

April 30-tf W. ROB'T ANDREWS.

50 DOZ CANS FRESH PEACHES.

April 30-tf W. ROB'T ANDREWS.

25 BBLS. PATAPSCO FAMILY FLOUR.

April 30-tf W. ROB'T ANDREWS.

1,000 BUSHELS OF CORN Just received

April 30-tf W. ROB'T ANDREWS. Fayetteville St.

5,000 LBS. BALTIMORE BACON,—Sides and Shoulders, low

April 30-tf W. ROB'T ANDREWS.

RECEIVED THIS DAY 500 lbs Family Lard in Kegs. TONNOFFSKI'S

Feb 3- -tf

CATSUP AND SAUCES. At TONNOFFSKI'S.

She is exceeding ratify the Democra dressed Dargan, ings in our

BLACKWELL'S genuine imported and Picallili, at TONNOFFSKI'S

ES, ALES LIQUORS, CIGARS. At TONNOFFSKI'S.

The follo celebration ton: "The

CANNED GOODS At TONNOFFSKI'S.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

GEO. L. TONNOFFSKI,

Grocer & Commission Merchant,

No. 31, FAYETTEVILLE ST.,

(NEAR TUCKER HALL,),

KEEPS constantly on hand a well selected Stock of choice

Groceries, Confections, Fine Wines, Ales, Liquors, Cigars, &c.

Consignments solicited. Prompt returns made. Liberal advances given. Commissions light.

Jan 28-148-tf

J. B. HUNTER & CO.,

COTTON FACTORS,

AND

Produce Commission Merchants,

CORNER HIGH & WATER STREETS,

PORTSMOUTH, Va.,

Will sell in the markets of NORFOLK and PORTSMOUTH, LIVERPOOL, or LONDON, Cotton, Tobacco, Naval Stores, Dried Fruit and all marketable Produce.

Liberal advancements made on actual shipments, and personal attention paid to purchase of merchandise.

June 17-3m*

MISCELLANEOUS.

The Best Blood Purifier in the WORLD.

DR. LAWRENCE'S CELEBRATED

ROSADALIS,

FOR THE CURE OF

SCROFULA, IN ALL ITS FORMS,

SUCH AS

CONSUMPTION IN ITS EARLY STAGES, ENLARGEMENT AND ULCERATION OF THE GLANDS, JOINTS, BONES, LIVER, KIDNEYS, &c.; RHEUMATISM, WHITE SWELLING, MERCURIAL AFFECTIONS, SORE EYES, OLD SORES, DISEASES PECULIAR TO FEMALES, ERUPTIONS OF THE SKIN, GENERAL BAD HEALTH,

AND ALL OTHER DISEASES CAUSED By an Impure State of the Blood.

The following, *among many hundreds* of our best citizens, testify to its *wonderful efficacy.*

Home Certificates from Physicians.

We know Dr. Lawrence's Rosadalis to be a safe and RELIABLE Alterative, &c., and take pleasure in recommending it to the profession and the public.

A. D. MOORE, M. D.,
L. A. STUTH, M. D.,
J. H. WINSTEAD, M. D.
R. G. BARHAM, M. D.,
W. A. DUGGAN, M. D.,
E. BARNES, M. D.,
R. W. KING M. D.,
S. WOODARD, M. D.
W. T. BREWER, M. D.

January 7th, 1868.

I hereby certify that I am personally acquainted with the above named Physicians, and they are all gentlemen of respectability and standing in this community.

T. C. DAVIS, Mayor of Wilson, N. C.

☞ The ROSADALIS thoroughly eradicates every kind of humor and bad taint, and restores the entire system to a healthy condition.

☞ IT IS PERFECTLY HARMLESS, never producing the slightest injury.

☞ It is not a Secret Quack Remedy. The articles of which it is made are published around each bottle, and it is used and endorsed by the Leading Physicians everywhere it is known.

PREPARED ONLY BY

J. J. LAWRENCE, M. D., CHEMIST,

BALTIMORE, MD.,

(Late of Wilson, North Carolina.)

PRICE, $1.50 PER BOTTLE.

☞ Sold WHOLESALE by all the principal WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS, in all the large cities of the United States and British America, and retail by Druggists everywhere.

All letters of inquiry, &c., promptly answered. Address

DR. J. J. Lawrence,

Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer,
29 Hanover Street, Baltimore, Md.

Jan 31-148-1y

Almonds, Almonds.

TWO BARRELS SOFT SHELL ALMONDS. For sale by W. H JONES & CO., Auction'rs & Com. Merchants.

July 13-tf

Notice.

THE COPARTNERSHIP heretofore existing, in the manufacture of LIME, under the name and style of "POWELL, WILSON & CO." is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

A. M. POWELL,
J. W. WILSON,
J. H. SHERRILL,
M. TROLLINGER.

Catawba Station, N. C., July 15th, 1868.

NOTICE.

All claims against the late firm of 'Powell, Wilson & Co.' will be settled by the undersigned and all persons in arrears for Lime will make payment to me, as the business of the firm must be closed up. A. M POWELL.

Catawba, Station, N. C., July 15-2awsw

GRAIN AND DRIED FRUIT BAGS AT FACTORY PRICES.

PARTIES WISHING TO SHIP US their Wheat will be furnished Bags FREE OF CHARGE J. B. HUNTER & CO., General Commission Merchants, Portsmouth, Va.

July 15-6t

SPARKLING CATAWBA SPRINGS. Catawba County, N. C.

THIS CELEBRATED WATERING PLACE will be open for visitors from June 1st to December 1st.

The medical properties of the waters, both Sulphur and Chalybeate, are invaluable. Accommodations unsurpassed, and a healthier and more delightful place not to be found.

The Proprietor has gone to great expense to improve and beautify the Springs, with an eye to the comfort of his guests, and promises every thing will be done to add to the pleasure of all who may honor him with a visit.

Take the Western N. C. Railroad at Salisbury, either on Monday, Wednesday, or Friday morning, to Hickory Station, where you will find Hacks for the Springs a distance of six miles on a beautiful well shaded road.

A good band of MUSIC will be at the Springs the entire season. Board $50 per month; $18 per week or $3 per day. Children under ten years of age, and servants, half price. Bath houses complete for pool, plunge, shower or tub baths, and sulphur baths cold or hot.

J. GOLDEN WYATT, Proprietor.

Sparkling Catawba Springs, Catawba Co., N. C.

June 1-4awlm.

For Rent.

TWO GOOD ROOMS, suitable for Offices over the Book Store of WILLIAMS & LAMBETH.

A. WILLIAMS.

7-6-d3w

LIFE INSURANCE.

THE CONNECTICUT MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

INCORPORATED IN 1846.

ACCUMULATED ASSETS,

$20,000,000.00.

ANNUAL INCOME,

$7,530,886.89.

SURPLUS ASSETS OVER $6,000,000.

AVERAGE DIVIDENDS OVER 50 PER CENT.

Insure your life in the CONNECTICUT MUTUAL, which has proven to be the *cheapest, best and most reliable Company in the world*, because it has the largest amount of surplus, largest number of Policy holders, and rates of expenses less. Simply a Mutual Benefit Society—a combination of individuals united to help one another by the *safest and best* method known; and if a member cannot make but two or three payments, will receive his proportionate amount.

Will issue Policies on any plan devised.

S. D. WAIT, General Ag't.,

June 2-tf Raleigh, N. C.

The Arlington Mutual

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF VIRGINIA.

A VIRGINIA AND SOUTHERN INSTITUTION. ITS FUNDS ARE KEPT IN THE SOUTH. IT HAS MET WITH UNPRECEDENTED SUCCESS. ITS FORTUNES ARE ESTABLISHED BEYOND ANY CONTINGENCY.

The Company has capital and assets, against its liability, that will compare favorably with any Life Insurance Company on the continent, which is the true test of responsibility.

Its affairs are cautiously administered by selected Directors, of responsibility and business capacity.

It has established its claim to Southern Patronage.

OFFICERS:

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LEWIS C. HANES, AG'T. LEXINGTON, N. C.

Jan 28-146-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

DR. R. S. PRIMROSE & CO., WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

DRUGGISTS,

NEWBERN, N. C.

AGENTS FOR THE STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA FOR

CRESYLIC SOAPS,

AND

SAPONACEOUS COMPOUNDS,

[PATENTED.]

Manufactured under License solely by

JAMES BUCHAN & CO.,

100 Elizabeth Street, New York.

CRESYLIC ACID, well known as certain in its effects for the above purposes, is now for the first time made available for common use. With license under letters patent, various compounds are being manufactured by the undersigned, whose Family soaps have long been a staple article in the market.

Sheep Dip.

For curing Scab and destroying Insects on Sheep.

5 pound canisters wholesale,	$ 1 25
10 do do do	2 25
50 do kegs do	10 00
200 do barrels, do	35 00

Proportions are one pound Dip to five gallons water for five to ten sheep, according to size.

Plant Protector.

In solution for destroying and repelling insects from Trees or Plants. In 1 and 3 pound Canisters at 50 cents and $1; larger packages same price as Sheep Dip.

Cresylic Ointment.

For cure of Foot Rot, &c. In solution for killing insects, &c., on stock. In 3 pound canisters, $1.

Carbolic Disinfecting Soap.

In tablets for convenient use in washing Horses, Dogs, Pigs, &c., destroying insects of all kinds, protecting from Flies, curative of sores, scratches and Coarse of all kinds. 40 cents per lb., or in boxes, 3 dozen tablets, $3.50.

Laundry and No. 1 Soaps.

For use in scrubbing and in the Laundry.—Send for a descriptive pamphlet.

June 25-3m

WALTER CLARK,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

HALIFAX, N. C.

Practices in the Courts of Halifax and adjoining Counties. Also in the Federal Courts and Courts of Bankruptcy.

Jan 29-148-6m

DRY GOODS.

SELLING OUT AT

NEW YORK COST!!

DRY GOODS,

READY-MADE CLOTHING,

CROCKERY AND HARDWARE.

OWING TO CONTINUED ILL HEALTH, AND consequent inability to give proper attention to my business, I have concluded, to offer my entire stock of

DRY GOODS,

READY MADE CLOTHING,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

Notions and Hosiery, Crockery and Hardware,

AT

NEW YORK COST FOR CASH.

All who are in want of good and fashionable Goods would do well to call at once, before the Goods are picked over.

A. KLINE,

Corner of Fayetteville and Hargett Sts.,

June 26-1m Raleigh, N. C

JULY, 1868.

AS THE SEASON HAS CONSIDERABLY advanced, and money is scarce,

BARGAINS

may be had from our Large Stock of

DRY GOODS,

HATS, SHOES,

TRUNKS,

&c., &c., &c.

NOW IS THE TIME for piece or package purchasers, and for Country Merchants.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.

July 7-tf

LOOK OUT FOR BARGAINS,

AT

S. H. & W. J. YOUNG'S!

YOU MAY FIND

NEW GOODS

Just Received at LOW PRICES.

Our friends shall have Goods as cheap as they can be bought at any other House.

BARGAINS WILL BE GIVEN:

SUCH AS PRINTS AT 12½ TO 15;

And all DRESS GOODS in proportion.

A good stock of Goods for Boys and Men; N. C. CASSIMERES and JEANS, &c.,

At the old stand of

S. H. YOUNG.

Nov. 27—96-tf

HARDWARE &C.

THOMAS H. BRIGGS,

DEALER IN

HARDWARE AND CUTLERY,

IRON, STEEL,
HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,
CARRIAGE MATERIAL,
PAINTS, VARNISHES,
COLORS, OILS,
GLUE AND GLASS

ALSO

Agents for the sale of

Burr and Esopus Mill Stones, Bolting Cloth,

India Rubber and Leather Belting, Circular Saws, Iron Verandahs, Fences, and all kinds of Ornamental Iron Work.

☞ *Two doors below Southern Express Office.*

April 30-tf

41 FAYETTEVILLE STREET.

WHITE GRANITE DINNER WARE,

GLASS GOBLETS, TUMBLERS AND WINE GLASSES,

BOWLS AND PITCHERS,

WATER PITCHERS,

Just received and for sale,

J. BROWN,
With Hart & Lewis

Raleigh, N. C., June 20, 1868.

Cotton Plows and Cultivators.

IN STORE MARCH'S PATENTED COTTON Plows and CORN CULTIVATORS approved by all who have tried them

June 13-tf JAS. M. TOWLES.

COLLINS & HEATH, 22 LIGHT STREET, BALTIMORE, Md. "OLD MARYLAND WORKS."

Plumbing, Sheet Lead, Lead Pipe, Iron Pipe, Terra Cotta Pipe, Brass Cocks, Plated Cocks, Iron, Lead and Zinc Bath Tubs, Tin Bath Tubs with Heaters, Water Closets, Iron and China Basins, Hydrants, Pumps, Rams, Fountains, Water Wheels, Garden Vases, Water Coolers, Refrigerators, &c.

Mount Vernon Cook Stove, Patapsco Cook, Roger Williams's, Universe Cook, Beebe Range, European Range, Magee Range, Spruce Range, Emerald Range, Hayward, Bartlett & Co.'s Portable Furnaces, Magee Furnaces, Portable and Brick, Parlor, Church and Stoves in great variety All the different styles of grates, High Up and Low Down Portable Grates, &c.,

Which will be sold as low as can be had in the city.

May 15-1y

A. MILLER,

No. 27 Old Street, Petersburg, Va.

THE HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR

Rags, Brass, Copper and Furs.

All rags can be shipped by freight, and, on receipt of the Railroad receipt, the shipper can draw on me at sight.

may 15-2aw2m*

RAILROADS.

TO SHIPPERS.

NORTH CAROLINA

ALL STATE

RAILWAY LINES, (THAT USED TO BE!)

THE OLD RALEIGH & GASTON RAIL ROAD, THE SHORTEST, QUICKEST, SAFEST AND BEST LINE, NORTH AND SOUTH, TO BE LEFT OUT IN THE COLD, UNLESS SHIPPERS SPECIALLY SAY VIA. R. & G. R. R!

WE inaugurated and are the *Great through Inland Air Line Route* to all the Northern Markets, and have consequently marked the Lines to the entire satisfaction of shippers, North and South, for the last ten years, as the ten Thousand shippers in North and South Carolina will testify. We pond the State near Seven Hundred Thousand Dollars for her interest in this Road—thereby saving the people of the State Taxation for all time to come, $50,000 per year; and we unhesitatingly declare that we can and will give more dispatch to all points, North and South, than any other Line.

NOTICE!

The Great Inland Air Line Freight

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Via THE RALEIGH & GASTON RAIL ROAD,

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To Insure your Freight being carried over this *Great Inland Air Line* safely, direct your consignors to mark your Freight, Care of Rail Road Agent, Portsmouth, Va., or City Point Va., via *Raleigh & Gaston Rail Road*, and to ship as follows:

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Merchants' & Miner's Line, end of Central Wharf, E. Sampson, Agent.

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Old Dominion Steamship Co., Shipping Point, Pier 37, North River, Foot Beach St., Office 187 Greenwich St. Cor. Dey; N. L. McCready, President.

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(Via Annamessic,) Phila., Wilmington and Baltimore Depot, or Clyde's Line of Steamers, 14 N. Delaware Avenue, W. P. Clyde, Agent.

FROM BALTIMORE:

Baltimore Steam Packet Co., Bay Line Steamers, Foot Union Dock, L. B. Parks, Agent, or Powhatan Steam Boat Co., 90 Light street Wharf.

C. S. ALLEN, Freight Ag't

Aug 6-3m-tf Raleigh N. C

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

RALEIGH & GASTON RAILROAD CO., SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE, Raleigh, N. C., May 20th, 1868.

On and after May 20th, 1868, Trains will run on the Raleigh & Gaston Railroad, as follows:

Mail Train leaves Raleigh	9.15 A. M.
Arrives at Weldon	2.40 P. M.
Mail Train leaves Weldon	10.35 A. M.
Arrives at Raleigh	5.15 P. M.
Freight Train leaves Raleigh	1.15 P. M.
" " arrives at Raleigh	10.05 A. M.

The Mail Trains make THROUGH connections with all points North and South.

A. H. ANDREWS, Supt. of Transportation.

may 21-tf

NORFOLK ADVERTISEMENTS

ESTABLISHED 1851.

KADER BIGGS. JOS. J. BIGGS.

KADER BIGGS & CO.,

COTTON FACTORS AND Gener Commission Merchants.

NORFOLK, Va.

SPECIAL AND ENTIRE ATTENTION to sales of Cotton and all other kinds of produce and prompt returns made.

Our long experience in business gives to superior advantages in making sales a the highest market prices.

Cotton forwarded to Liverpool free of commissions.

Liberal advances made on produce in hand.

Refer to A. W. McPheeters, Esq., treas. Thos. Bragg, and Hon. B. F. Moore, Raleigh; A. J. Allen, Esq., Wake; Col. Adam J. Heath, Smithfield; Maj. D. S. Hill, Louisburg; gen. Joshua Barnes, Wilson, Hon. Asa Biggs, Tarboro, and dealers, John Myers & son, Washington.

Norfolk, Va., June 2-tf

STAVES WANTED.

We will CONTRACT for, or purchase at MARKET PRICES on ARRIVAL

500,000 Red Oak Hhd Staves,	
300 000 White Oak Hhd "	
100,000 White Oak " Heading,	Norfolk Inspection.
75,000 White Oak Pipe staves,	
50,000 White Oak Hhd "	

The White Oak Staves and Heading will be received as soon as they can be delivered. The Red Oaks, from September to January next. Dimensions, and full particulars for getting staves properly, furnished on application to CHARLES READ & SON, Norfolk, Va.

Mar 19 -tf

DR. JORDAN, OF NORFOLK, VA.

TREATS DISEASES OF THE THROAT, WINDPIPE AND LUNGS,

By a modification of the plan of the late Dr. Green, of New York, with a success beyond any other treatment ever instituted.

He has devoted much time and treated Female Complaints, hitherto considered incurable, with gratifying results. Skin diseases of the most inveterate character, he has had the good fortune to cure in a short time.

Norfolk is one of the best retreats for patients of either class on the American Continent.

Norfolk, Va., June 15 tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

GRAIN AND FLOUR SACKS!

THE OLD ESTABLISHED

"Corn Exchange Bag Manufactory"

is prepared to furnish GRAIN SACKS of any desired size or quality, and at short notice. Also COTTON AND PAPER FLOUR SACKS Neatly printed to order.

Information promptly furnished upon application

W. B. ASTEN & CO.,

June 17-3m 25 PEARL ST., N. W York City.

FRESH PEACHES!!

50 dozen 3 lb., Cans (qt.) $4 00 per doz
15 " 6 lb., " (gal.) 10 00 " "

ALL WARRANTED FRESH

The Cans are sealed with wax and can be used again

Apply to E H POOLE & CO.,

Feb 19-104-tf Athens, N. Y.

Important to Printers.

A GOOD PRINTER, capable of conducting a good Weekly paper, of liberal sentiments and sober habits, or a gentleman with some means who is desirous of investing in such can hear of a situation to do the editorial business, in the Eastern part of the State. The necessary materials and a good will can be had on moderate terms, for the continuation of a weekly paper, on application to

June 18-2w EDITORS OF SENTINEL.

PRINTER'S NEWS INK

FOR THE accommodation of our numerous friends in the State, we propose to keep on hand a quantity of NEW PAPER INK manufactured in Philadelphia and sell it, by case, at Philadelphia prices. We have it in kegs of 50 and 25 pounds each, at 30 cts. per pound. The cash must accompany orders. Apply to the

Apr. 8-tf EDITORS OF THE SENTINEL.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

The SENTINEL is published every day, except Sunday, on the following terms:

Three months,	$1.00
Six months,	4.00
One year,	8.00
Semi-Weekly Sentinel one year,	4.00
" " " six months,	2.00
Weekly Sentinel, one year,	2.00
" " six months,	1.00

THE SENTINEL.

WILLIAM E. PELL, } SEATON GALES, EDITORS.

MONDAY, JULY 20, 1868

NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC TICKET:

FOR PRESIDENT,

HON. HORATIO SEYMOUR,

OF NEW YORK.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,

GEN. FRANK P. BLAIR,

OF MISSOURI.

"GOV." HOLDEN'S LAST MESSAGE.

For the information of the public, we give below the message of "Gov." Holden, sent to the General Assembly, on Friday last, in reference to Police and the Militia. It is as follows:

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT OF N. C., RALEIGH July 17th, 1868.

To the Honorable General Assembly of North Carolina:

GENTLEMEN:—I desire respectfully to call your attention to the importance of the immediate organization of the Militia, and especially to the organization of an adequate police force in each of the Counties of the State. (1.)

North Carolina is now a State of and in the Union; and it is proper in itself, and expected by the people, that provision should be made by which the Executive will be able at all times, in whatever locality, promptly and faithfully to execute the laws. (2.)

The work of reconstruction will not have been fully accomplished until every officer provided for under the new order of things shall have been installed. (3) When the State government is in complete operation in all its departments under the Constitution, it is not apprehended that any opposition to its authority will be encountered which may not be easily met and overcome by the militia and the local police. It is the avowed purpose of the enemies of the government of the United States, and of the government of this State, to disregard the authority of these governments, and to subvert the latter, on the pretext that it is not constitutional in its origin and character. (4.) It is not apprehended that any collision will occur, or that the peace will be seriously disturbed in any quarter of the State, (5.) but, in the judgment of the Executive it is deemed important, as a measure of peace and security for the future, that he should be clothed by law with the necessary powers to maintain the authority of the State government against all assaults, to preserve the peace, to secure the people the right of free elections, and to so act as to aid in bringing to condign punishment all who may violate the law. The government of the State should be made "a terror to evil doers and a praise to them that do well." (6.)

The interests of society are too precious to be put in jeopardy by allowing even grounds for apprehending that the authority of the government may be successfully resisted or questioned. (7.) By virtue of authority clearly vested in me, as I conceive, by the State Constitution, I have recently appointed Justices of the Peace, Mayors and Commissioners of Towns, and Directors in various Corporations. The organization of the Militia and of an adequate Police force would enable me at once to execute the law in this respect, by installing these and other officers where resistance is offered, and in sustaining them in the performance of their duty. (8.) It is scarcely necessary that I should repeat to the General Assembly the views contained in my Inaugural Address in relation to the character of persons to be appointed to office. The people have decided that the new State Government shall not be committed, to any extent, to unfriendly hands.

Every office and every employment under the State, from the most inferior to the most exalted, should be filled by the known friends of the government of the United States and the government of North Carolina. (9.) It will not be safe or expedient, in my judgment, to deviate to any extent from this rule. It is my fixed purpose to maintain this rule, and to administer the Government in such manner as to secure to all their rights of life, liberty and property.

Very respectfully,

W. W. HOLDEN.

(1.) Why subject the people of North Carolina to the enormous expense of organizing the militia and a police force, be sides? The organization of the militia is constitutional and proper, but its equipment, &c., is totally unnecessary. Nor does the State require a police force, even if it costs nothing. The bill presented by Mr. Welker, which we will notice hereafter, is a monster. It is wholly unconstitutional and would be an atrocious evil.

(2.) Mr. Holden said, when he was Provisional Governor and the State was restored, that it was then in and *of* the Union. Of course it is expected that the Executive will enforce the law. This never has been opposed in North Carolina. No Governor, when left in full control of civil affairs, has ever found any difficulty in enforcing the law, solely by the civil arm.

(3.) No person in this State has objected to the instalment of any new officer, *according to law*, nor is any one disposed to do so. Officers, who are under the responsibilities of office, have refused to give place to new officers, until they could show that their investiture was legal and that the new claimant was legally entitled. No one has acted otherwise, and in this they have done right. Is it right that officers, whose bonds are held by the State for the faithful performance of duty, should surrender their offices until their bonds are cancelled, or they are otherwise indemnified? Certainly not.

(4.) We will agree to prove, to the satisfaction of any body of sensible unprejudiced men, that the only enemies of the government of the United States in North Carolina are Holden and his friends. Those who are opposed to the Radical State government will never seek its displacement, otherwise than in a legitimate way. If [illegible] Holden, by demanding an equipped militia and police force, black and white, desires to be prepared for any attempt to overturn the government, he is simply acting without discretion. What would such a force avail, if the people were determined to overthrow it by force of arms? The proposition shows only malignity, craven fear, and a lack of administrative ability.—When was such a thing ever heard of before, when North Carolina *was in the Union and no mistake*?

(5.) Why then provoke collision by oppressive taxation and a degrading policy?

(6.) Only can the rulers of a State "be a terror to evil doers and a praise to them that do well," when the rulers are men of uprightness and character, and rule in righteousness. When many of the officers of a State are bankrupt in character, as is the case in North Carolina, what can we hope for that is good?

(7.) If "Gov." Holden thinks the interests of society are at all precious, why does he manifest such an anxiety to place those interests in the hands of men, who are the contempt and butt of ridicule of society? Why invest men with responsibility, who have no character, morally or socially?

(8.) It is a misrepresentation and a falsehood, that the interference of the military is necessary to the installation of the new officers. All that is asked by the old officers is, "Is your claim to office a legal one, *under the new Constitution*, and can I be protected,—I and my securities—against loss, if I surrender my office to you?" That is the only question, as "Gov." Holden knows, and yet he makes *that* a plea for military force.

(9.) Let Gov. Holden stick to it. Drive out every man in office, who voted against the Constitution. Let no Conservative have a morsel of bread from Radicals, and then let Conservatives take note of it, *and act accordingly!* That is what we ask.

ARE WE UNDER MILITARY RULE?—We supposed that "Gov." Holden was inaugurated as a Civil Governor, and that, agreeably to Gen. Canby's late order, all matters of government had been turned over to him as such.

None other but strictly legal obstructions have been presented in any single case against the assumption of office by new officers in this State, and yet we learn that, in several instances, "Gov." Holden has called upon the military to enforce his orders. What does this mean?—Are we still under military rule or a worse despotism?

For instance, the newly elected Sheriff of Granville, one Moore, had his bond filled and it was accepted by the Board of Commissioners. His bond is regarded, by persons entitled to consideration, as worthless, although Gen. Abbott, we understand, is one of the securities. By the way, this is the third Sheriff's bond, we hear, that Gen. Abbott has signed. We should not be surprised if his name is on many more of them.

Mr. Philpot, the old Sheriff, and one of the best officers of the State, had given a heavy bond, of the very best character, for the execution of his office. When Moore applied to have the office turned over to him, Mr. Philpot replied that the best Counsel he could get advised him not to surrender the books and papers to him, until his bond could be relieved. Moore, at once, threatened him with the military, came to Raleigh, and procured from the Military Commandant a peremptory order to deliver the books and papers to Moore. Now, *is this right?* Can Gov. Holden, or his law officers, justify such conduct as this? The lawyers tell Mr. Philpot that he cannot, with safety, surrender his papers, unless his bond is cancelled. The whole question is a civil one, and one for which the General Assembly should provide at once. Mr. P. offers no other than a legal obstruction, and simply asks for relief from the consequences of yielding up his office, until his bond is cancelled. Is there any thing wrong in this? We cannot see it.

"As *standing armies*, in time of peace, are *dangerous to liberty*, they ought not to be kept up, and the military should be kept under strict subordination to, and governed by, the civil power."—*Sec. 24th., Art. 1, new Constitution.*

And yet the man, "who writes himself Governor," before he is warm in his seat, tramples this clause of the Declaration of Rights ruthlessly under his feet, and demands *a standing army*, composed of lowdown whites and negroes, to enforce his arbitrary and unconstitutional edicts. He has the entire civil officiary of the State at his beck. He will not appoint a single magistrate in the whole State of North Carolina, who is not ready to be his slave. With no evidence of a disposition, in any quarter to obstruct the execution *of law*, Holden and his allies start, like guilty creatures, when no man pursues,—they jump in terror at the crackling of a twig. Never, in the history of any government in this country, before, did an officiary court collision, strife and bloodshed, so much as the new officers of the new State Government. If they had a consciousness of rectitude and fair dealing, —any desire to promote the peace and prosperity of the State,—they would see that the best method to effect these objects is to avoid the irritation, humiliation and oppression of the people. Let the *laws* be enforced with wisdom, propriety and decency, and no difficulty can occur.

As Mr. Robbins said, in his late speech at Tucker Hall: "God pity the Governor, who takes Brownlow as his model!"

THE MAN, "who writes himself Governor," evidently seems to think, judging from his appointments, that there are but *three* negroes in Raleigh, out of the hundreds and hundreds who voted for him, who are entitled to any consideration at his hands or who are fit to hold any office, *viz*: Jim Harris and old "Uncle" Handy Lockhart. He has tried to make each of them a City Commissioner, has appointed each a *Squire* and a Director of the State Charitable Institutions! Here and there, in the county, he has manufactured other darkeys into Squires, but Uncle Handy and Jim are the particular pets of his "Negropholency."

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA.

BY AUTHORITY OF CONGRESS.

FIRST SESSION.

SENATE.

SATURDAY, July 18, 1868.

The Senate was called to order at 10 o'clock.

Prayer by the Rev. Dr. J. B. Smith.

A message was received from the House, transmitting the report of the Committee on Adjournment, with a resolution proposing to adjourn on the 10th. of August next, and to meet again on the 10th. of November next; also, a resolution allowing *per diem* and mileage to certain Senators, who were banned from taking their seats. (Subsequently, Mr. Robbins moved that the Senate concur, when Mr. Jones, of Wake, thought it would cause debate and moved an adjournment.)

Mr. Lassiter presented a telegram from the Hon. Nathaniel Boyden, stating that the disabilities of the Senator from Mecklenburg, Mr. Osborne, had been removed.

The Chair invited the Senator forward, and he was qualified by Judge Jones and took his seat.

A message was received from the House, transmitting an act to provide for the qualification of certain officers, recently elected under the provisions of the Constitution of the State of North Carolina, with amendments.

Mr. Sweet offered to amend the 1st section. The Chairman decided that the motion to amend was out of order—the bill having passed its third reading in the Senate.

On motion of Mr. Sweet, the Senate refused to concur in the amendment from the House, and appointed a Committee of Conference.

Messrs. Sweet and Robbins composed the Senate branch.

Subsequently, the report of the Committee was concurred in; when

Mr. Hayes moved (the House concurring) that 2,000 copies of said bill be printed in order that the Sheriffs of the several Counties may be supplied. Agreed to.

(We will publish this bill as soon as we can procure a printed copy of it, as finally amended and passed.)

Mr. Blythe introduced a bill to amend an act to incorporate the Greenville & French Broad Rail Road Company.

The following bills were acted upon on their third reading and disposed of as follows, viz:

Bill to legalize and confirm a decree made by the Court of Equity at the Fall term, A. D. 1867, in the county of Buncombe, in favor of the heirs at law of G. W. Candler, deceased. On motion of Mr. Blythe, it was laid on the table.

An act entitled an act concerning Inspectors for the city of Wilmington, was, on motion of Mr. Robbins, referred to a Special Committee of three. The Chair designated as follows, viz: Messrs. Sweet, Hall and Legg.

An act to amend chapter 85 of the Revised Code, providing for the election of Commissioners of Pilotage for the Cape Fear Navigation, was, on motion of Mr. Robbins, referred to the Committee on Corporations.

Bill to incorporate the town of Brevard, in the County of Transylvania, passed.—(The bill reads that the corporate limits shall extend from a central point one mile each way. This is a round town, six miles in circumference.)

An act to regulate the collection of taxes throughout the State, (Senate bill by Mr. Colgrove,) which reads as follows:

SECTION 1. *The General Assembly of North Carolina do enact*, That it shall be the duty of each Sheriff, on receiving the tax list of his county, to give at least ten days' public notice in each township or precinct, for the purpose of receiving said taxes, and all who neglect to pay on that day, or within fifteen days thereafter, shall pay *ten per cent.* additional fees.

SEC. 2. *And be it further enacted*, That the Sheriff shall have the power to levy on real estate for taxes, and sell the same after giving forty days' public notice thereof; *Provided*, There is not enough personal property to be found to pay said taxes.

SEC. 3. This act shall apply to all uncollected taxes.

SEC. 4. This act shall take effect from and after its passage.

Mr. Robbins moved its indefinite postponement. He was surprised that any Senator should have introduced such a merciless bill. He [supposed that it must have originated from some man *who does not love North Carolina*! He protested against this bill, in the name of the suffering people of this State. The laws upon this subject were already stringent enough. This bill would enrich the Sheriff, but was death to our poverty stricken people.

Mr. Colgrove was willing that the bill should be referred to an appropriate Committee, but was opposed to its indefinite postponement.

Messrs. Osborne and Barrow concurred in the position taken by Mr. Robbins. The Committee of Finance would introduce a general bill covering this subject, and they were in favor of its indefinite postponement.

The bill was postponed indefinitely by a vote of 31 ayes to 1 nay—Mr. Colgrove alone voting in the negative.

Bill appointing Judges of Superior Courts, Clerks of Superior Courts and Chairmen of the Boards of County Commissioners to take privy examination of *femes covert* in the conveyance of real estate, was amended and passed.

On motion of Mr. Jones, of Wake, the Senate adjourned until Monday morning, 10 o'clock.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

(BY UNDERGROUND RAILROAD.)

SATURDAY, July 18, 1868.

The buzzards congregated at the usual hour.

Prayer by the Rev. Ashantee Epps, (negro of the darkest hue and member of the Senate,) of "jackass and *other* horned cattle" notoriety.

The record of yesterday's scallawagism was produced and enjoyed.

Justice, of Rutherford, said something exquisitely unimportant, which met the general approval of the scallawag portion of the "House."

Renfrow introduced a resolution, authorizing the Speaker to make a requisition on the Secretary of State for *postage stamps* (look out, stamps!) for the use of the body. Lies over.

By Vestal: A resolution in regard to *per diem* and mileage—allowing the Speakers $8 per day, and members, Clerks, Doorkeepers, &c., $5 per day, and 20 cts. mileage. Referred to the Committee on Per diem and Mileage.

Mendenhall stated that there was a resolution to the same effect before the Committee, and that he did not see the necessity of this.

By Peck: A bill to suspend the collection of taxes for 1868. Referred.

By the same: A bill authorizing out-going sheriffs to turn over to their successors all processes in their hands, &c. Referred.

By the same: A bill to incorporate the Union Joint Stock Banking Co. Referred.

By Estes, (Chief of the carpet-baggers:) A bill to regulate the mode of proceeding in contested elections. Lies over.

By the same: A bill to allow the Wilmington & Weldon R. R. Co., to construct branch roads, in order to encourage agriculture in Eastern Carolina.

A bill to provide for the attendance of witnesses in certain cases. Refered.

By Mr. Parker: A bill to allow the Sheriff of Northampton county until the 1st of June, 1869, to settle for taxes. Referred.

By Sykes, (a very respectable negro,): A resolution regulating the election of members of Congress. Referred.

Estes moved to reconsider the vote on the bill fixing the bonds of officers. (Some Radical, recently elected to office, who can't give a good bond, wants the liabilities reduced.) The motion was put, and, a quorum not voting, the motion was lost.

Mr. Pou moved a call of the House. Agreed to. The news being spread that the roll was about to be called, there was a general rush of the "cheese and cracker" brigade to come in and answer to the names under which they now pass.

A quorum being ascertained to be present, Mr. Pou renewed the motion to reconsider.

The motion was ruled out of order by Prince Joe.

Estes not having the audacity to appeal from the decision of the "heir apparent," the ruling was acquiesced in.

Harris, of Wake, (negro, known as parrot Jim,) moved to reconsider the vote by which the motion to reconsider was lost.

The Prince, being in a bad humor, visited a portion of his wrath on the head of Jim, and ruled him out of order.

Harris, (negro,) determined not to be outdone even by his royal Highness, moved to reconsider the vote by which the House concurred in the Senate's action in this matter.

The motion was put and lost—a quorum again not voting.

Jeemes wanted to know if there was no rule to compel members in the Hall to vote.

The Prince said that this could be done only when the yeas and nays were called.

Harris, (negro,) then moved that the yeas and nays be called upon the motion.

The Sprig of Royalty in the Chair said the question had been put and lost, from the fact of a quorum not voting; therefore, the motion to call the yeas and nays was out of order.

A message from the Senate was read, asking the concurrence of the House in a resolution, instructing the Committee on Printing to make arrangements to print the Code Commissioners' Report. Referred.

CALENDAR.

A report from the Judiciary Committee, which had been placed upon the Calendar, was taken up and read. (The report recommends that the consideration of the bill to change the mode of electing Superior Court Judges be postponed until next session.)

Mr. Bowman moved that the House adopt the recommendation. Carried.

A report from the same Committee was read, recommending the passage of a bill to prohibit the sale of liquor on days of election.

Mr. Bowman moved to amend by extending the provision of the act to days on which the terms of the Superior Courts are held.

Mr. Pou said the effect of Mr. B's amendment worked such a material change in the bill, that he wanted time to consider it; and, therefore, moved to make the bill the Special Order for Wednesday next at 11 o'clock. Carried.

The Chair announced the hour for the special order, viz: the bill in relation to provisional municipal officers. The bill was put on its second reading and read section by section.

Mr. Durham called attention to Section 5, Article XIV, of the Constitution, pointed out, in an able and lucid argument, the objects of the Section, and proceeded to show that conferring such powers upon the Governor, as was provided for in the bill, would be plainly a violation of their oaths to support the Constitution.

Mr. Seymour endeavoured, by extracts here and there in the Constitution, to show the constitutionality of the measure.

Mr. Durham said that it was a maxim, known to all, that Constitutions should be construed strictly, and suppositions as to intended meaning should never be called up, when a vital principle of the instrument is discussed. They had no right to take merely the verbiage of one section and twist its construction to suit their purposes. It should be taken as a whole, and the bearing of one section upon another should be considered.

Mr. Seymour merely reiterated his former views.

Stilley jumped up and read something totally foreign to the subject.

Mr. Durham again addressed the house, showing up completely the illegality of the bill and the iniquity in which it was conceived.

Somebody here trod on old Mr. Downing's toes and woke *him* up. He rubbed his eyes and asked information on several points in the argument.

Stilley must say something, and so, in endeavoring to further elucidate the subject, succeeded perfectly in muddling the whole matter.

Mr. Bowman took the *Chair*, and the royal young 'un took the *floor*, and proceeded, in the most approved "spread eagle" style, to talk in favor of his august papa's measure. He particularly exploded upon Gen. Canby's order, and the true meaning of the article in question, and gave a metaphysical disquisition on the words "appointed and chosen," which would have struck Locke dumb in admiration.

Jeems Harris (negro) thought the intention of the bill as clear as the noon day's sun.

Mr. Seymour, greatly lamenting the absence of Shaker Joe in this present difficulty, labored faithfully to make every body look through his spectacles.

Mr. Pou thought the bill expedient, and should vote for it, if it could be proven satisfactorily that its passage did not violate the Constitution, and thought if this bill should be decided unconstitutional, that the House could remedy the evil by passing a bill providing for early elections.

Stilley attempted to make a point, but he drew it so excessively fine that no one could see it.

Mr. Argo replied to the artistic use of words by the Prince, and proceeded, in an able and effective argument, to expose the unconstitutionality of the bill and the evident malignant and wicked purposes of it.

After much talk, the further consideration of the bill was postponed until Monday, 11 o'clock.

The Committee, to whom was referred Mr. Sinclair's bill, regulating taxes in corporate towns, reported upon it unfavorably.

Mr. Bowman moved, as Mr. Sinclair was absent, that the bill be passed over. Carried.

The Committee, to whom was referred the bill to continue in office the municipal authorities of Salisbury, reported, recommending its passage.

Mr. Bowman moved to postpone it until Monday next. Carried.

By Laflin [c. b.]: A resolution that the Committee on contested elections be discharged from the further consideration of the Camden County case, and that it be transferred to a special Committee appointed to investigate the matter. Adopted.

House bill No. 86, introduced by Justice, of Rutherford, proposing to prevent land holders from discharging their employees, &c., was taken up, when Mr. Moore moved to lay it on the table.

The motion to table was put and lost by a strict *party* vote.

After some further unimportant business, the gang took a notion it was time to quit; whereupon, some unknown individual made the necessary motion, which, being put, was carried.

MARRIED:

In Fayetteville, on the 14th inst., by Rev. J. C. Hooke, Mr. J. S. GRIFFITH, of Philadelphia, Pa., to Miss ELLEN F. WADDILL, of Fayetteville, N. C.

In Wilmington, on the 16th inst., by John J. Conoley, Esq., Mr. LOUIS TALBOT, to Miss MARY ANDERSON.

In Galveston, Texas, June 30th, by Rev. B. Eaton, Col. A. H. BELO, of the Galveston *News*, to Miss NETTIE ENNIS.

The many friends and comrades of Col. Belo, in the "Old North State," send him their congratulations, and wish him a long and happy life with the "angel of his household."

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

BACON.

Choice N. C. Hams, Sides, and Shoulders. Also Western Shoulders, very cheap.

W. H. JONES & CO.,
July 20-4t Auction & Com. Merchants.

Cheese! Cheese!

Just received a lot of Choice Factory Cheese.

W. H. JONES & CO.,
July 20-4t Auctioneers & Com. Merchants.

Sugar! Sugar!

An assorted supply just received.

July 20-4t W. H. JONES & CO.

CORN!

1,000 bushels now in store.

W H JONES & CO,
July 20-4t Auct'rs & Com. Merchants.

MRS. A. M. GORMAN will accommodate a few boarders, on reasonable terms. Her residence is in a desirable part of the city, convenient to the Capitol, and not very far from the Central Depot. For further information, apply to MRS. A. M. GORMAN.

July 20 tf

MOLASSES! MOLASSES!

175 Hogsheads Cuba Molasses, (direct importation.) Various grades, for sale at reduced price, by WORTH & DANIEL,
July 20-5t Wilmington, N. C.

STRAYED OR STOLEN.

FROM my residence, near Forestville, about a fortnight since, two OXEN. One of them is red and the other a light brindle. No particular marks remembered. One of them wore a bell. They were traced as far as the Falls of Neuse. A suitable reward will be given for their recovery.

J. A. HARTSFIELD.
Forestville, July 20-3t*

LIME! LIME!

PRICE REDUCED!!

Having a large supply of fresh Stone Lime on hand, and not desiring to hold over we have made a liberal reduction in price, and, for clubs or large parcels, we can give rates that cannot fail to give satisfaction. Apply to

WORTH & DANIEL,
July 20-6 Wilmington, N. C.

Newspaper for Sale.

THE UNDERSIGNED offer for sale, on accommodating terms, the Newspaper and Job Presses, Type, Inks, fixtures and all the other material pertaining to the *Fayetteville News* publishing and printing office, together with the "good will" and subscription list of the same. Located in one of the largest towns and best sections of North Carolina, the only secular paper in all the tier of the nine counties of Bladen, Sampson, Robeson, Cumberland, Moore, Chatham, Randolph, Montgomery and Richmond, the Fayetteville *News* offers first-rate inducements to the purchaser. During the past two years it has nearly tripled its circulation, has constantly increased its material—and paid for it—and will make, by a showing of its receipts, a very gratifying exhibit.

One of the proprietors having decided to remove to another State, and the other not feeling inclined or fitted to carry on the business alone, this sale has been deemed necessary; and the most satisfactory evidence will be given to persons desiring to purchase, that the present proprietors of the paper are not about to abandon its publication from any failure of success.

For particulars, address

H. L. & J. H. MYROVER,
July 18-1aw2w Fayetteville, N. C.

Wanted

A YOUNG LADY, to teach in my family. Mathematics, English, Latin, French and Music. Correspond with me, enclosing references, at Whitaker's, Edgecombe County, N. C.

July 17-1w K. C. TAYLOR.

NOTICE.

THE COPARTNERSHIP, existing under the name and style of E. J. PARISH & CO., is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

All in arrears will make immediate payment to E. J. PARISH, as the business of the firm must be closed.

E. J. PARISH,
W. F. ASKEW.

Raleigh, July 17th, 1868.

NOTICE.

I cheerfully recommend E. J. PARISH to my various friends and customers as one deserving their confidence and support.

W. F. ASKEW.

TO THE PUBLIC.

In my continuation of business, I thank you for the past favors and liberal support given me, and can but ask a continuance of the same.

You will find me at my old place, East Market Square.

July 17 tf E. J. PARISH.

NOTICE.

WE HAVE BEEN INSTRUCTED TO OFFER the following Goods at New York Cost, viz:

Beautiful China Tea Sets.
Plain white " Dinner "
Handsome " Spittoons.
" " Vases, Mugs and Cups.
" " Toilet Sets.
Cigars and Cigarettes.
Canned Fruits, Strawberries.
Pears, Cherries and Quinces.
Prunes, in large Glass Jars.
Tomatoe Catsup and Sauces.
A La Mode Beef, in Cans.
Mock Turtle.
Nutmegs, Allspice.
Ground and Race Ginger.
Brimstone, Flour Sulphur.
Indigo, Borax, Soda.
Lemon Syrup, Sweet Oil.
Toilet Soaps, Superior Blacking.
Plow Lines, Steel Weeding Hoes.
Trace Chains, Long-handle Spades.
Bird, Buck and Squirrel Shot.

And many other goods, all of which we offer at Cost, for Cash down.

W. H. JONES & CO.,
July 15-tf Auct'rs & Com. Merchants.

GENUINE IMPORTED

WINES & LIQUORS.

CHAMPAGNE OF THE FOLLOWING brands:

"Carte Blanche."
"Bouzy Etquis."
"Fleur de Sillery."
"Heidsick."

Choice N. C. Scuppernong, on draught and in cases.

Port, Madeira and Sherry, in cases.
Pure French and Apple Brandy.
" Rye and Corn Whiskey.
" Holland Gin.
" Jamaica Rum.
" Blackberry Wine.
" " Brandy.

W. H. JONES & CO.,
July 14-tf Auc. & Com. Merchants.

MODERN GOLGOTHA!

PLACE FOR THE SKULL!!

10 DOZEN NEW STYLE AND ELEGANT qualities of

PANAMA, PEERLESS,

AND

CANTON BAVARIAN

HATS!!

Something NICE AND CHEAP for this hot Summer Weather, for

Gents, Ladies and Boys.

Just received by Express, this day.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.,
Raleigh, July 14, 1868-tf

COLLEGES AND SCHOOLS.

Louisburg Female College,

FRANKLIN CO., N. C.

THE FALL SESSION OF 1868 will begin on the 13th day of August.

The success of the institution, under its present administration, has far surpassed the expectations of its most sanguine friends.

CHARGES PER SESSION OF 20 WEEKS:

Board (exclusive of washing and lights) and Tuition in the regular English course and Ancient Languages, $100. Extra Studies moderate. $50 in advance,—remainder at the end of the session.

ADVANTAGES.

An able, energetic, and successful Faculty; an extensive and wisely arranged course of study; a judicious and thorough system of instruction; a select Chemical and Philosophical apparatus; a good Library; fine Musical Instruments; a beautiful, pleasant, and healthful location; a large, commodious building, with rooms well ventilated and well warmed in winter; excellent water, good fare; kind attention to the wants of the pupils; mild and efficient government, and ample Religious privileges.

For Circulars, containing full particulars, apply to T. M. JONES,
June 15-tf President.

TRINITY COLLEGE, N. C.

THE FALL TERM commences Aug. 5, 1868.

EXPENSES.

Tuition, per term	$30 00
Tuition in Preparatory and Special Schools	20 00 to 30 00
Board, including furnished room, per month	11 00 to 12 00
Whole expense, including tuition, board, washing, fuel and Janitor's fee, per term	75 00 to 95 00

All expenses to be paid in currency: Board monthly in advance; Tuition, one half in advance, the remainder at the middle of the term; books and stationery on delivery.

Any departure from these regulations must be by special arrangement.

Indigent young men and patrons, desiring some indulgence, should correspond with the President of the Faculty.

For full information as to course of study, Special Schools &c., send for a Catalogue.

For all matters pertaining to the College, apply to Dr. Craven, Trinity College, N. C.

I. T. WYCHE
July 2-ood2w* Sec. Board Trustees

Wilmington Journal, Norfolk Journal, Danville Times, Charlotte Democrat and Wadesboro Argus publish four times each, and send bill to Rev. Dr. Craven, at Trinity.

BINGHAM SCHOOL.

MEBANEVILLE, N. C.

FALL TERM opens July 22nd. Address

Col. WM. BINGHAM.
June 20-1m.

Thomasville Female College,

THOMASVILLE, N. C.

THE FALL SESSION of this institution will commence on Tuesday, the 4th of August, and continue twenty weeks.

BOARD: $20 per month, and other charges proportionally low. SIXTY DOLLARS must be prepaid by each young lady on entering, and the balance at the close of the term.

The Faculty is full and composed of able and experienced Teachers. The course is extensive, embracing all the solid and ornamental branches taught in other Female Colleges. The religious advantages are unsurpassed.

This College is located between Salisbury and Greensboro', in one of the most beautiful and healthy towns on the N. C. Central Railroad, and is in two miles of the celebrated "Holton Chalybeate Springs." And at the additional expense of 25 cents per day any of the "College girls" can have the constant use of the water.

For Circulars, containing full particulars, address

Rev. D. R. BRUTON,
June 24-d2aw.sw4wt10th aug. President.

Charlotte Female Institute.

CHARLOTTE, N. C.

REV. R. BURWELL, } *Principals,*
JNO. R. BURWELL, A. M. }

THE NEXT SESSION will commence on the 1st of October, 1868, and continue until 30th June, 1869.

The Session is divided into two terms of twenty weeks each, and pupils can be entered for the whole session or for one term.

The charge for Board (including every expense, washing, fuel, lights, &c.,) with Tuition in English Branches, will be $130, per term of 20 weeks. Music, Ancient and Modern Languages, Drawing and Painting, *extra*, at usual charges.

For Circular and Catalogue, containing full particulars as to terms, &c., address

Rev. R. BURWELL & SON,
July 11-3m Charlotte, N. C.

MRS. LACY'S SCHOOL

FOR YOUNG LADIES.

RALEIGH, N. C.

The FIFTH TERM of this School will commence on MONDAY, the 3rd of August, 1868, and continue twenty weeks.

Six pupils can be accommodated as boarders.

Circulars sent on application

DR. LACY'S School for Boys will be discontinued. He will give such instruction in the Girls' School as may be desired.

July 10-3tawtd

Mecklenburg Female College.

CHARLOTTE, N. C.

REV. A. G. STACY, A. M., President.

NEXT SCHOOL YEAR WILL COMMENCE October 1st, 1868.

A full corps of able and accomplished Instructors will be at their posts.

Rates as low as can be afforded in a first class Female College. The last scholastic year has just closed. One hundred and fifty-four pupils having been enrolled. Address

THE PRESIDENT,
July 14-tf Charlotte, N. C.

Chowan Baptist Female Institute.

MURFREESBORO', N. C.

THE NEXT SESSION will commence on the first Wednesday in October, with a full corps of able and experienced instructors.

In view of the diminished means of our people, and in order to afford the advantages of education to as great a number as possible, the Trustees have *reduced* the charges for Board and Tuition as low as is consistent with the large facilities afforded.

For full information, address

A. McDOWELL.
July 16-2w*

LOUISBURG FEMALE COLLEGE.

A CARD.

I have been credibly informed that a report has been widely circulated, that the exercises of the Louisburg Female College will not be resumed the coming session. This report is entirely without foundation. The School will open, at the time specified in advertisements in various newspapers, offering advantages in every department of instruction, unsurpassed by any School in the State. It is to me very unpleasant to be under the necessity of correcting false rumors, calculated to injure the College, *three* or four times in the short space of 2½ years. I hope my friends and the public will not allow an institution of learning to be broken down by false reports, originating either through mistake, interested motives or malice.

Louisburg, July 18-3t T. M. JONES.

NOTICE.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER, made in the Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, for Wake County, at May Term, 1868, in the case of J. R. Rogers, Administrator, and J. R. Rogers against Sion H. Rogers, I will sell, at the Court House door, in the City of Raleigh, on the 25th day of August, 1868, at 12 o'clock, M., all the Real Estate of the late Sion Rogers, subject to the widow's dower.

The lands are situate about six miles North of Raleigh, and there are about ONE THOUSAND acres.

TERMS.—Twelve months credit.

The undersigned, living upon the premises, will take great pleasure in showing the same to persons desirous of purchasing.

J. ROWAN ROGERS,
July 18-td Commissioner.

GLASS PRESERVE JARS,

STONE JARS,

JUGS AND CHURNS,

OLD DOMINION NAILS,

MOULDING, BEAD,

JACK AND FORE PLANES,

Just received at

THOS. H. BRIGGS'.
July 10-tf

LOOK STORES.

WILLIAMS & LAMBETH,

BOOKSELLERS & STATIONERS,

OPPOSITE NATIONAL BANK,

RALEIGH, N. C.

KEEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND

A LARGE STOCK OF

SCHOOL BOOKS,

STANDARD WORKS,

MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS, STATIONERY, FANCY ARTICLES, &c., &c.

Together with every article usually kept in their line of business,

AT THE LOWEST CASH PRICES.

AGENTS FOR

WILCOX & GIBBS' FAMILY SEWING MACHINES.

June 22-3m

L. BRANSON, J. A. JONES
Ass't N. C. Business Directory

BRANSON & JONES,

SUCCESSORS TO

Branson, Farrar & Co.,

CONTINUE THE BOOK BUSINESS AT THE same stand, near Tucker Hall, and still keep on hand a supply of

BOOKS AND STATIONERY,

at reduced prices.

Consignments of second hand Law and Miscellaneous Books solicited.

Particular attention paid to orders.

BRANSON & JONES,
Jan 29 1y Raleigh, N. C.

NICHOLSON'S ENCYCLOPEDIA, in 6 vols., just received and for sale at

BRANSON & JONES
June 19-tf Raleigh,

New and Elegant Books,

JUST RECEIVED!

Globe edition of Dickens' Works,
" " Bulwer's "
" " Shakespeare's "
" " Burns' and others.

Abbotsford Waverly Novels.

All new, nice and cheap.

July 1 tf BRANSON & JONES'.

Just to Hand.

A LARGE LOT of second-hand MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS, on consignment, and for sale at very reasonable rates.

BRANSON & JONES,
June 19-tf Raleigh, N. C.

MISCELLANEOUS

Chatham Railroad Company,

RALEIGH, June 22d, 1868.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the Stockholders of the CHATHAM RAILROAD COMPANY will be held at the Office of the Raleigh & Gaston Railroad, in the City of Raleigh, on Monday, July 20, 1868.

W. W. VASS,
June 23-td Treas. and Sec'y.

DIVIDEND.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS of the Raleigh & Gaston Railroad have declared a dividend of THREE PER CENT. on the Capital Stock of the Company, payable at the Office of the Company, on and after July 16, 1868.

W. W. VASS, Treas'r.

June 27-d3w1July31

LAW SCHOOL.

THE NEXT SESSION of the LAW SCHOOL at Chapel Hill, will commence on the 15th of this month.

Instruction with reference to the new order of things will be attended to.

WM. H. BATTLE.
July 8-2w*

MANUFACTURER OF

GOLD AND SILVER WARE

KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND

Gold and Silver Watches, Clocks, Fine Cutlery, Table Ware, Fine Jewelry, Spectacles,

and all articles usually found in a first-class establishment.

Call and see.

June 1-3m

COLGATE & CO'S

GERMAN

ERASIVE SOAP,

THE STANDARD OF EXCELLENCE.

For Sale by all Grocers.

Jan. 22—6m

I. O. O. F.

THE NEXT ANNUAL MEETING of the R. W. Grand Lodge, of Independent Order Odd Fellows, of the State of North Carolina, will be held in the Hall of Concordia Lodge, No. 11, in the town of Beaufort, on Tuesday, the 21st day of July inst.

A full representation of the Lodges in the State is especially desired.

J. W. GULICK,
July 10-tf Grand Secretary.

TOBACCO AGENCY

We have received Agencies for the sale of MANUFACTURED and SMOKING TOBACCO, of all brands.

Orders for any quantity will be promptly filled.

Parties having any for sale would do well to ship us, as ready sales can be made.

COWAND & HARRISS,
April 21-3m Commission Merchants, Norfolk, Va.

LOUISBURG MALE ACADEMY,

FRANKLIN COUNTY, N. C.

THE FALL SESSION of this Institution will begin on the second Monday in July 1868.

TERMS PER SESSION OF 21 WEEKS:

Board with the Principals, (washing, lights and towels not included,)	$70 00
Tuition in Primary Department,	15 00
" Regular English Course,	20 00
Latin, Greek and French, each, extra,	5 00

Board must be paid quarterly in advance. All accounts for Tuition are due at the close of the session, and will be promptly presented for payment.

Circulars sent on application.

M. S. DAVIS, A. M. } Principals.
W. J. KING, A. M. }

June 19-4w

THE SENTINEL.

LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

MONDAY, JULY 20, 1868.

STATE DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION.

The Democratic and Conservative members of the Legislature have determined to call a Convention of the Democratic and Conservative citizens of the State, to meet in Raleigh, on THURSDAY, THE 13TH. DAY OF AUGUST, 1868, to organize for the approaching Presidential campaign; and the undersigned have been appointed a Committee to urge the Democratic and Conservative citizens of the State to hold primary meetings, at once, in their respective counties, and appoint delegates to this Convention. It is hoped that every county in the State will be fully represented by delegates or by proxy.

The National Democratic Convention have recently nominated candidates for the high offices of President and Vice President of the United States, and placed them upon a platform of principles, which commends the selections there made to the support of every good and patriotic citizen.

The struggle is between Liberty and Despotism! Let every good man come to the rescue!

W. L. LOVE,
W. M. ROBBINS,
T. M. ARGO,
T. J. JARVIS,
July 15, 1868. P. DURHAM.

SENTINEL FOR THE CAMPAIGN.

We suppose that the Presidential Campaign will commence actively about the 1st. of August. We propose to send the *Sentinel* to subscribers or clubs, at the following rates, commencing 1st. of August and extending to 15th. of November:

Daily for that period	3½ mos.	$2 00
Semi-Weekly "	3½ mos.	1 00
Weekly "	3½ mos:	

For individual subscribers 50.
" Clubs of five and upwards 40.

The *Sentinel* shall not be excelled in efficiency by any other Campaign paper in the country.

GRAND RATIFICATION MEETING AND BARBECUE.

The friends of SEYMOUR AND BLAIR will have a Ratification Meeting and Barbecue at Selma, Johnston County, Tuesday, Aug. 11th. Able speakers have been engaged and will address the people on the true issues of the campaign.

COMMITTEE OF ARRANGEMENTS:

Perry Godwin, Seth Woodall, J. Hinnant, A. M. Noble, Jethro Thane, Geo. Williamson, S. H. Hood, T. T. Oliver, Turner Joiner, Y. D. Vinson, Aden Brown, Chrs. Radford, Robert Hatcher, J. S. Kirby, Simon Godwin, W. J. Barrow, Chas. E. Preston, Henry Millinder.

COMMITTEE ON SPEAKERS:

J. W. Sharp, Wesley Whitaker, C. B. Sanders, E. S. Parker, W. C. Richardson, L. R. Waddell.

COMMITTEE OF THE DAY.

J. C. Richardson, McNab Earp, J. Turner, Basil Vinson, James Williamson, Dallas Pittman, F. D. Clark, C. C. Massey, A. M. Noble.

The Committee of Arrangements and Speakers are requested to meet at Selma, Saturday, July 25th.

Delegates will be appointed at this meeting to represent the county in the State and District Conventions. By order of

CHAIRMAN CO. COM.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.—MRS. A. M. Gorman, at her residence, a square West of the Post-Office, will accommodate a few Boarders, with good board, on reasonable terms.

Another large and direct importation of Cuba Molasses, various grades, for sale at reduced prices: Worth & Daniel, Wilmington.

Fresh Stone Lime—Prices reduced: Worth & Daniel, Wilmington.

A pair of oxen strayed or stolen: J. A Hartsfield, near Forestville.

Bacon, Cheese, Sugar, Corn: W. H. Jones & Co.

BAYNE'S INDIA RUBBER SCRUB.—Mr. A. D. Lippitt, of Wilmington, the Traveling Agent for this useful invention, is at present in this City, for the purpose of disposing of the Brushes. He may be found at Mr. Cooke's Hotel and will also wait upon as many of our citizens as he can find time to visit. We regard this, simple as it is, as one of the most useful inventions for house keepers that we have ever seen. It is warranted to last from eighteen months to two years, and a child, 8 or 10 years of age, can scour a house neatly in a few minutes, removing all grease spots and stains of every description, with a little cold water alone, (no sand or hot water required,) besides drying it thoroughly at the same time. We have seen the scrub tried, and it does all that it is reccommended to do.

A specimen has been left at this office, where it may be seen. The price of the Brush is only 75 cents.

HON. ISRAEL G. LASH.—We hope that the friends of Mr. Lash know his whereabouts. Our telegram from Washington, on Friday night, is calculated to render them uneasy. We should regret deeply if, by any means, Mr. Lash has been foully dealt with; which may be readily inferred from the telegram. Mr. L. we regard as the most respectable Radical delegate from this State, one in whose honest intentions the people would more readily confide than in those of any other Radical member.

N. C. RAILROAD.—We learn that the merchants and others, about Greensboro', are so much opposed to the proscriptive spirit which it is understood will prevail on the N. C. Railroad, that they are *determined*, if that spirit is carried out, to transfer their business in a great measure to the Piedmont Road.

Its late management had revived greatly the confidence of the Stockholders and public generally in the Road. We regret to say that the late changes have greatly lessened that confidence.

WONDER—if Jno. Pool took the *test-oath*, before being admitted to his seat in the Senate. No mention is made of any bill modifying the oath in his case. We only ask, as a matter of information.

RALEIGH AND GASTON RAILROAD MEETING.

The annual meeting of the Stockholders of this Road was held in this City, on Thursday, the 16th. inst.

Hon. D. M. Barringer was Chairman of the meeting. Gen. W. R. Cox and Major W. W. Vass acted as Secretaries.

Dr. W. J. Hawkins, President of the Road, read the annual report of the President and Board of Directors.

On motion of Dr. John R. Hicks, the reading of the Treasurer's report was dispensed with, as the same was printed and in the hands of the members of the meeting.

On motion, the reports of the President and Treasurer were referred, under the rule, to a Committee, consisting of Messrs. R. S. Tucker, A. M. McPheeters, and T. B. Venable, who afterwards reported as follows:

"The Committee, to whom were referred the reports of the President and Directors and the Treasurer, respectfully report that they have examined these reports, and recommend that they be adopted by the Stockholders.

The Committee congratulate the Stockholders that, under the great difficulties of the last year, the Road has been so managed as to declare a dividend.

R. S. TUCKER, Chairman.

The annual report of the Committee of Finance and Inspection was read by Maj. T. B. Venable, Chairman thereof, showing satisfactorily, that the Road, for the last year, notwithstanding all difficulties, had been economically and successfully managed.

Upon the subject of affording aid to the Augusta and Columbia Railroad, the following preamble and resolution, offered by Maj. T. B. Venable, and modified, were adopted by the meeting:

WHEREAS, It is believed to be of great importance to the interest of the Raleigh and Gaston Railroad Company, that the Augusta and Columbia Railroad should be completed as speedily as possible; *And whereas*, the said Augusta and Columbia Railroad Company are in want of funds to complete said Road, and have applied to this Company for aid:

Resolved, That the President and Directors of the Raleigh and Gaston Railroad Company be, and they are hereby, authorized to render such aid to said Augusta and Columbia Railroad Company, and in such manner, as they in their discretion may think consistent with the interests of this Company, to an amount not exceeding fifty thousand dollars;

Provided, That in giving such aid, the said President and Directors are instructed to consult such other Railroad Companies as have similar interests with those of this Company, and that such aid shall be in proportion to the aid given by such Companies: And *provided*, also, that the said President and Directors be authorized to apply, if necessary, to the General Assembly, for leave to give such aid.

The foregoing resolution gave rise to considerable discussion, and the policy of affording the aid desired, was advocated by Messrs. Hawkins, Mordecai, Tucker, Venable, Cameron, and others.

R. H. Kingsbury, Esq., requested explanation in regard to the sale of certain bonds of the company at less than par rates. The explanation was given by Dr. Hawkins, President of the Road, and further statements and remarks were made by Mr. Mordecai, Mr. Branch and others.

The election of Directors, &c., has been heretofore noticed.

THE FOURTEENTH AMENDMENT.

The following paper from Mr. Seward, in regard to the action of the several States on the Howard or 14th. amendment, was sent to the Senate, by the President, accompanying his message and other documents. Mr. Seward's letter is quite as *significant* as the President's proclamation announcing the ratification of the amendment by North Carolina, &c. It ought to be put upon record. It is as follows:

To the President: The Secretary of State having received a resolution of the Senate of the 9th inst., requesting him to communicate to that body, without delay, a list of the States of the Union whose Legislatures had ratified the fourteenth amendment of the Constitution of the United States, with copies of all the resolutions of ratification in his office, and to communicate to that body all resolutions of ratification of said amendment which he may hereafter receive, so soon as he shall receive the same respectively, has the honor to report to the President that official notice has been received at this Department of the ratification of the amendment referred to, by the Legislatures of the following States, to wit: Connecticut, Tennessee, New Jersey, Oregon, Vermont, West Virginia, Kansas, Missouri, Indiana, Ohio, Illinois, Minnesota, New York, Wisconsin, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Michigan, Nevada, New Hampshire, Massachusetts, Nebraska, Maine and Iowa. Besides these acts of ratification, notices and certificates have also been received by the Secretary of State, that the same proposed amendment has been ratified by the Legislatures of the States respectively of Arkansas, Florida, and North Carolina, which notices and certificates last mentioned were received from the the newly constructed and established authorities assuming to be and acting as the Legislatures and Governors of the said States of Arkansas, Florida and North Carolina. These acts of ratification are for this reason stated in this report separately and distinctly, and, for the more accurate information of Congress, a copy of all the acts and resolutions of ratification of all said Legislatures is herewith subjoined, together with a copy, also, of certain resolutions of the Legislatures of Ohio and New Jersey, which purport to rescind the resolutions of ratification of said amendment, which had previously been adopted by the Legislatures of those two States, respectively, and to withdraw their consent to the same.

Respectfully submitted,
WM. H. SEWARD.

WE PROPOSE to refer, to-morrow, to the remarkable Bill, introduced in a professed report of the Code Commissioners to the Legislature, and understood to have been drawn up by "Judge" Tourgee, entitled "An Act in relation to Provisional Municipal Officers." It will be seen that it was discussed in the House, on Saturday.—"Gov." Holden, seeing the dilemma in which he has involved himself by his recent usurpation, seeks this mode of extrication, by the connivance of the "Code Commissioners."

THE POSITION OF CHIEF JUSTICE CHASE. Chief Justice Chase declared to-day to a Western friend that while he could not personally accord with the resolution against the reconstruction acts, and believed that the present constitutions South ought to stand till changed by the people of each State, all voting, yet he was a Democrat, a State rights Democrat, and in full sympathy with the Democratic party.—*Wash. Dispatch to N. Y. Herald.*

STATE NEWS.

The man, "who writes himself Governor," has pardoned three negroes, who were convicted, at the last term of New Hanover Criminal Court, of a most brutal assault upon another negro, *who had not thought proper to vote*. They went to his house after night, and, taking him out, beat him unmercifully, remarking that "he'd vote next time!" The jury found them guilty and they were sentenced to the light punishment of six months' imprisonment at the Workhouse. All three of the negroes were also engaged in a late insurrection at the Workhouse, and one of them escaped. At the time of their trial, they boasted of what they had done, and said that they had received their orders from one Shenck, head of the League in New Hanover, (who is the Radical Sheriff elect of the County,) who had received *his* orders from *W. W. Holden*, the President of the League in North Carolina! Now they are pardoned by this same President of the League, and turned loose upon the community, to commit other crimes and intimidate more voters. The *Journal*, commenting upon this atrocity, says:

"We do not hesitate to pronounce this action as an infamous outrage upon law and good order—as calculated to encourage disorders and bloodshed in our midst, and as leading to infinite and disastrous troubles in the future. This man, who induced these negroes to commit the crime, and afterwards secures their pardon from a too willing Governor, is the Sheriff elect of the county. With such officers what is to become of this community? God only knows. Our people have little to expect from those whose duty it is to secure peace and good order; they can and will protect themselves from the insults of these contemptible men, and leave to the future a vindication, at least, of their violated rights. These things cannot last long—and they will not."

St. John's College, at Oxford, is to be opened as a Female School, with Rev. Mr. Phillips as President, on the 3rd. of August next.

Col. S. S. Cooper has been selected as Chief Marshal at the next Henderson Fair.

Our cotemporary, Capt. Biggs, of the Tarboro' *Southerner*, was recently *cased* by his friend, G. T. Williams. Mr. W. was in attendance at the New York Democratic Convention, and purchased a cane as a present for the Captain.

It is understood that the contractors on the Williamston and Tarboro' Railroad will soon "break ground." When the line is definitely settled, the work will begin.

There were two sudden deaths in Wilmington, on Thursday,—one from sunstroke and the other from congestion of the brain.

The Henderson *Index* proposes a Seymour and Blair ratification meeting in Oxford on Saturday next.

A correspondent of the Tarboro' *Southerner*, after denouncing, in terms of merited severity, the Executive malevolence which has invaded the cells of the unfortunate lunatics, makes the following excellent suggestion:

"Let the white people of the State move in this matter without delay, and give up these monuments of the State's noble charity to Mr. Holden and his negro associates. Dr. Fisher and his associate attendants, having been removed from the Asylum, would not, we apprehend, be averse to taking charge of a private institution of the same kind, especially if in so doing they should feel that they were gratifying those whose friends and relatives they have so long and so faithfully healed and attended through their long and weary night of mental darkness. And the inmates of the Asylum would, too, experience a relief and corresponding benefit from finding themselves again in the hands of their old, kind and ever faithful friend, the noble Dr. Fisher."

The Wilmington *Journal* has the following, which will show the negroes, if they will but listen, who are their best friends:

"During the prevalence of that loathsome pestilence, the small pox, in our city, in 1865 '66, over NINE THOUSAND DOLLARS of the money derived from white tax payers were expended for the relief of the unfortunate negroes who suffered from the ravages of this disease. The care of these small pox patients—we mean the negroes, as with but few exceptions they were all of this class—properly rested with the Freedmen's Bureau, that corrupt institution which has afforded its especial wards so little benefit and done them so much material harm. But this noble monument (!) to the fostering care of the nation, deeply immersed in all probability in the schemes and expenses of politics, could find no time to discharge such a trust, and decided that the means from the fund appropriated for the care of the freedmen could not be *spared* for the purpose. The burden was thrown upon the city, and *the white tax payers did for the negro that act of humanity which the protecting (?) Bureau failed to do as an act of bounden duty*"

The Democratic and Conservative Press of the State cordially endorse the call for a Convention on the 13th. of August, and are urging the people to move promptly in the matter of appointing delegates.

A Seymour and Blair Ratification meeting will be held in Concord, on Saturday, the 25th. prox.

A Seymour and Blair club was organized in Asheville, last week.

But three of the Radical County Commissioners of Anson have qualified. Of the other two, one of them refuses, for the present, to qualify, and another has run away. The County Officers—from Sheriff down,—will not qualify until the Legislature passes the bill now before it, or something similar, relative to the bonds of officers.

The Democrats and Conservatives of Anson are moving gallantly. A large meeting was held in Wadesboro, on the 13th., which was addressed by Hon. Thos. S. Ashe and Col. R. T. Bennett. A Club was organized, at once, with 124 members, in addition to the officers. Hon. Thomas S. Ashe is President of the Club. On the succeeding day, a general meeting was held to ratify the nominations by the National Democratic Convention, which was ably addressed by Col. R. T. Bennett and A. J. Dargan, Esq. Proceedings of both meetings in our next.

The following was one of the toasts at a celebration on the 4th of July in Burlington: "The day we celebrate—*Hot as blazes.*"

TELEGRAPHIC.

Our Afternoon Dispatches.

FROM WASHINGTON.

CONGRESS.

WASHINGTON, July 18, M.

It is stated that there was a three hour's session of the Cabinet yesterday, which was very important, and that some Executive suggestions regarding the Presidential election will be sent to Congress to-day, and that the veto of the bill regulating the Electoral College will be withheld until Monday.

The Senate, last night, passed the Alaska treaty bill, with amendments ignoring the joint power of the House with the Senate and the President in making treaties. The bill, as it passed the Senate, simply appropriates money to fulfill the stipulations of the treaty.

The House considered the funding Bill.

The Southern Representatives conduct themselves quietly, voting with the Radicals on all questions. Their prompt party votes, on subjects which have been seriously discussed for months, and upon which the most breed legislators are doubtful, provoke smiles on the floor of either House.

MARKETS.

NEW YORK, July 18, M.

Flour dull, 50@10 lower.

Cotton quiet at 31½@32.

Turpentine 42@45. Rosin firm; strained and low number 2, 3@3 11½

Old Bonds 114; Virginias, new, 56. Tennessee, ex-coupons, 69½; new 69

Gold 1,43½.

LIVERPOOL, July 18 M.

Cotton heavy. Sales 8,000 bales. Uplands 11, Orleans 11¼.

Our Midnight Dispatches.

VETO OF THE ELECTORAL COLLEGE BILL—SUGGESTED AMENDMENTS TO THE CONSTITUTION.

WASHINGTON, July 18, P. M.

The expected veto message was sent in to-day.

Quoting General Jackson in support of his views, arguing that, by the present system, the will of the majority of the people is liable to be defeated in the choice of the President, and arguing in favor of the election of State Senators by the people, instead of by the State Legislatures, and limited instead of life tenure of the Supreme Court Judges, and pointing out the interest the Chief Justice and Vice President have in cases of Presidential impeachment, the President closes his argument as follows:

"Time, observation and experience have confirmed these convictions, and as a matter of public duty, and with a deep sense of my constitutional obligation to recommend to the consideration of Congress such measures as I deem necessary and expedient, I submit the accompanying propositions and urge their adoption and submission to the judgment of the people."

He then proposes the following amendments to the Constitution:

"The President's term shall be six years. The States shall be divided into equal Districts, corresponding with the number of Representatives and Senators in Congress, and each District shall count as one vote for President and Vice President respectively. The person in each District, receiving the highest number of votes from the voters qualified to vote for the popular branch of the State Legislature within said District, receiving the vote of the District. These facts shall be certified to the Governors of States, to Senators in Congress from such State, to the President of the Senate and Speaker of the House.

The Federal Congress shall be in session on the 2nd. Monday in October, '78, and every sixth year thereafter, and the President of the Senate shall, (both Houses being present,) open and count the votes. The persons receiving the highest number shall be President and Vice President, respectively, if they have a majority of votes cast; otherwise, the second election occurs between the two highest for each office. If, at the second election, both receive a like number of votes of the Districts, the candidate receiving the highest number of votes in the largest number of the States shall be President. The same rules apply to Vice President. But in case of a second election being necessary for Vice President, but not for the President, then the Senate shall elect the Vice President from the candidates receiving the highest number of votes of Districts.

No President shall be elegible for a second term.

In case of the President's removal by any cause, the office devolves on the Vice-President, and, in case of the Vice-President's removal, the Presidential office devolves on the Secretary of State, following whom, as successors, come the Secretaries of the Treasury, War, Navy, Interior, Post Master General and Attorney General, who shall exercise the functions of the office, until disabilities are removed or a new election held.

The Senate of the United States shall be composed of two Senators from each State, chosen by electors of the State Legislatures and to hold six years, each of the Senators having one vote.

Judges of the Supreme Court shall hold twelve years.

The President, after the adoption of the proposed amendment, shall divide the Judges into three classes, expiring the fourth, sixth and twelfth years, so that one-third may be chosen every fourth year."

CONGRESS.

WASHINGTON, July 18, P. M.

SENATE.—South Carolina's ratification of the 14th Article was presented.

Applications from the Georgia and Mississippi Conventions for loans were indefinitely postponed.

A Bill protecting naturalized citizens abroad was discussed in Executive Session.

Adjourned.

HOUSE.—Ninety days were allowed the Election Committee to investigate "disloyalty" in the Missouri contested election.

The Louisiana Representatives, Vidal, Sypher, Newcastle and Blackburn, and the South Carolina Representatives Goss and Williamson, were seated.

The Tariff Bill was re-committed to the Ways and Means Committee, which kills it for this session.

The funding bill was resumed and discussed to adjournment.

FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, July 18 P. M.

Among the rejections to-day, was Collector Smythe, of New York, as Minister to Austria.

Mr Burlingame Minister from China, is giving the Press a grand Dinner to-night. A very handsome affair.

A grand ratification meeting of the New York nominations is progressing.

MARKETS.

NEW YORK, July 18 P. M.

Cotton quiet and steady. Sales of 700 bales at 31½@32.

WILMINGTON, July 18, P. M.

Spirits Turpentine advanced, and firm at 41¢. Rosin firm; No. 2, 2.25; strained 2.30; pale, 4.75. Tar firm at 2,35.

SWEET SPRINGS,

MONROE COUNTY, WEST VIRGINIA.

WILL BE OPENED for the reception of visitors JUNE 28th, and, as heretofore, will be kept as a strictly first-class hotel. Passengers from the South will take Tenn. & Va. R. R. to Bonsack's station, where first-class coaches will be in readiness to convey them to the Springs.

☞ Board $3 per day. June 13-4Aug5

Greensboro' Money Market.

BUYING RATES OF BANK NOTES, &c., BY

WILSON & SHOBER, BANKERS AND EXCHANGE BROKERS, SOUTH ELM STREET, GREENSBORO, N. C.

Bank of N. C.	60c
" Cape Fear	50
" Charlotte	30
" Wadesboro	77
" Wilmington	30
" Roxboro	60
" Thomasville	20
" Graham	25
" Lexington (old)	15
" " (new)	10
" Commerce	18
" Clarendon	4
" Fayetteville	10
" Washington	3
" Yanceyville	3
Merchants' Bank of Newbern	60
Farmers' Bank of Greensboro', (old)	50
" " (new)	12
Miners' and Planters' Bank	40
Commercial Bank of Wilmington	70
Greensboro Mutual Ins. Co., (old)	6
Virginia Bank Notes average about	28
South Carolina "	15
Georgia "	25
N. C. Railroad Stock	15

We buy and sell at liberal prices, Gold and Silver, North Carolina Bonds, United States Bonds and all other marketable stocks.

Orders for Bank notes by debtors and Stockholders of Banks will receive prompt attention.

Returns for express packages of Bank notes Are will be made on the day received, by check on New York or Baltimore, or in currency, as desired.

Life and Fire Insurance Policies issued in good Companies, at best rates.

Oct. 26-298-3m

RALEIGH NATIONAL BANK OF NORTH CAROLINA.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

B. W. PULLIAM, President.

W. H. WILLARD, GEO. W. SWEPSON,
A. S. MERRIMON, W. J. HAWKINS.

C. DEWEY, Cashier.
J. C. BLAKE, Teller.

Deals in Bills of Exchange Sight Drafts, Gold and Silver Coin, and Government and other securities.

Uncurrent Bank Notes bought at highest prices. Packages sent by Express will be remitted for promptly, in currency, or in New York funds at par.

Bank of Cape Fear	50
" Charlotte	30
" Clarendon	4
" Commerce	17
" Fayetteville	10
" Lexington, (old,)	12
" " (new)	9
" Lexington, payable at Graham	24
" North Carolina	55
" Roxboro'	60
" Thomasville	20
" Wadesboro'	27
" Washington	3
" Yanceyville	24
" Wilmington	50
Commercial Bank, Wilmington	27
Farmer's Bank of North Carolina, (old,)	27
" " " (new,)	10
Greensboro' Mutual Insurance Co.	6
Merchant's Bank, Newbern	60
Miners' & Planter's Bank	40

May 26-135-tf

Raleigh Money Market.

CORRECTED BY JOHN G. WILLIAMS & CO., BROKERS, RALEIGH, N. C.

PRICES OF NORTH CAROLINA BANK NOTES:

Bank of N. C., (Gold 25) (Silver 26) G. B.	55
" Cape Fear	50
" Charlotte	30
" Lexington, at Graham, new 10, old	16
" Roxborough	60
" Wadesborough	27
" Thomasville	20
" Wilmington	30
" Commerce	16
" Washington	3
" Fayetteville	10
" Clarendon	4
" Yanceyville	3
Miners' and Planter's Bank	40
Farmers' Bank, Greensborough, new 10, old	28
Commercial Bank, Wilmington	27
Merchant's Bank, Newbern	60
Greensborough Mutual	6
Virginia Bank Notes, about	25
South Carolina "	22
Georgia "	28
Gold	138
Silver	133
Old Coupons	62
North Carolina Railroad Coupons	87½
Old Sixes	72
Exchange on New York	¼
R. & G. Railroad Stock	40

PROVISION MARKET.

CORRECTED BY JORDAN WOMBLE, GROCER AND COMMISSION MERCHANT.

BACON	17@25
" BALT. & WESTERN	17@20
BEEF ON HOOF	8@10
" NETT	10@20
BUTTER	25@30
COTTON	25@26
CHICKENS, Spring	15@25
" Grown	25@30
CORN	1 40@1 50
COFFEE	22@24
EGGS	10@20
FLOUR	10@16
FODDER	1 50@1 75
HERRINGS	4@5 00@10
HIDES—Green	8c per lb.
" Dry	15@17
HAY	1 10@1 25 per cwt.
LARD	22@25
MEAL	1 40@1 60
MOLASSES	50@65
NAILS	7@9 10
PEAS—Stock	2 00@2 25
" White	2 50@3 00
POTATOES—Irish, New	1 50@2 50
" Sweet	1 00@1 50
RAGS	4@5
SALT—Fine	4 00@4 25
" Ground	3 00@3 50
SUGAR	13@22
TALLOW	4@6 12½
VINEGAR	35@75

REMARKS.

Cotton None offering. Last sales 25@26.

R. H. COWAN & CO.,

General Commission and Shipping Merchants.

AND

WHOLESALE GROCERS.

Agents for M. Davis & Son's (Liberty) Va. celebrated Virginia Chewing Tobacco.
Agents for Lister Bro's Superphosphate for Guano.
Agents for Vulcan Iron Works, Richmond, Va.

R. H. COWAN,
JNO. W. CAMERON,
JAS. H. HILL,

Wilmington, N. C., No. 32 Water St.

June 26, 1868-1y

Select Boarding and Day School, HILLSBORO', N. C.

THE MISSES NASH AND MISS KOLLOCK, PRINCIPALS.

THE FALL TERM OF 1868 opens July 24th and closes Dec. 16th.

Circulars furnished on application.

July 4-3m

CUT HERRINGS.

I HAVE SIXTY BBLS. ALEWARIE CUT HERRINGS, to sell at $6, in lots of 10 bbls. or more, or $6,50 in smaller lots to close.

ALEX MITCHELL.

Newbern, July 15 6t

RALEIGH SASH, BLIND AND DOOR FACTORY.

All orders promptly attended to

July 19-tf THOS. H. BRIGGS, Proprietor.

Smut Machines.

TWO OF McMANNEN'S celebrated SMUT MACHINES, for sale very cheap.

July-46-tf W. H. JONES & CO. Auct'rs & Com. Merch't's.

Soap, Soap.

20 BOXES LAUNDRY SOAP.

N. C. and Va. make.

July 14-tf. W. H. JONES & CO. Auct'rs and Com. Merchants.

ÆTNA LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, OF HARTFORD, CONN.

ASSETS, $9,000,000.

DIVISIBLE SURPLUS $1,884,768,51.

No. POLICIES 52,700.

DIVIDENDS 50 per cent.

In these days of competition between Life Insurance Companies much is said by rival Agents, each claiming the Company he represents to be the best. Without saying anything in disparagement of any Company, or, by simple assertion, anything in the favor, the ÆTNA begs leave to refer to the annexed table, compiled from the official and sworn statements of twenty of the largest Companies in America, made to the Insurance Commissioners of the State of New York. The table shows the ratio of expense to each $100 received by each Company, for the three years ending January 1, 1869.

It will be seen that the expenses of the ÆTNA are much lower than any other Company; and, after the average is struck, the ÆTNA, in 1869, saved $10.41 out of each $100 received—more than the average; in 1866, $7.17, and in 1867 $4.90. The receipts of the ÆTNA were, in 1865, $1,655,300; in 1866, $3,522,376, and in 1867, $5,129,447. Consequently, its savings in the three years were $677,919-39, to which add 7 per cent. interest to July 1, 1868: $120,387 64, making a grand total of $797,307 03 saved over the average of all other Companies.

This is the measure of success, as applied by the Hon Elizur Wright, the greatest of American actuaries, to all Companies, and simply means that the Company whose ratio of expense is the lowest is the least, is the best able to pay large dividends to its policy holders. That the ÆTNA is THAT Company, these comparisons of official statements plainly show.

Official Statement showing the Expenses and Losses by the Twenty Largest Insurance Companies in America.

[FROM THE NEW YORK SUPERINTENDENT'S REPORT.]

NAMES.	Expenses and Claims paid out of each $100 of Income. 1865.	1866.	1867.	3 Years Average.
Connecticut Mutual	$ 33 87	$ 25 38	$ 28 90	$ 29 28
Charter Oak	32 62	29 26	28 20	30 02
Equitable	37 16	30 98	26 31	31 48
Globe Mutual	33 18	25 67	32 92	33 92
Germania	49 23	47 38	41 12	45 91
Guardian Mutual	40 07	31 20	36 50	35 92
Home	35 98	37 41	34 85	36 08
Knickerbocker	42 05	42 58	35 87	40 16
Mutual Life	38 84	30 03	29 76	30 54
Mutual Benefit	31 33	32 62	27 39	30 44
Manhattan	34 80	31 50	38 23	33 18
Mass. Mutual	38 14	33 44	36 40	35 99
New England Mutual	40 31	30 85	29 44	33 53
New York Life	37 09	28 26	29 48	31 61
North American	32 01	23 49	24 71	26 73
Phœnix Mutual	37 06	30 97	29 50	30 44
Security	37 14	36 30	33 70	35 71
Union Mutual	32 06	29 98	26 96	29 66
Washington	42 20	49 40	41 77	44 45
Average of 19 Companies	37 11	33 51	31 56	33 06
The "ÆTNA"	26 70	26 32	26 66	26 56
Difference	10 41	7 19	4 90	7 04

		SAVED
The ÆTNA income for 1865 was	$1,655,300, on which 10 41 per 100,	$172,310 68
" " " 1866 "	$3,522,376, " 7 19 " "	253,236 83
" " " 1867 "	$5,129,447 " 4 90 " "	251,342 90
To which add 7 per cent. compound interest to July 1, 1868		120,386 64
Giving a Total Saved by the ÆTNA in 3 years of		$ 797,307 03

In proof of these statements, the official reports can be seen, by all who wish, at the

Raleigh Branch Office,

W. H. CROW, Manager.

June 1 4t

PHŒNIX MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

EDSON FESSENDEN, President. | JAMES F. BURNS, Secretary.

IN PRESENTING THE CLAIMS OF THE PHŒNIX MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, to the people of North Carolina, the Agent invites their attention to the following statements:—

1. It is a Mutual Company, the profits being divided among the insured.
2. Its insured are allowed to travel and reside in any part of the United States and Europe, at all seasons of the year.
3. Its dividends have averaged 50 per cent yearly, and are payable on the amount of premium paid by the insured.
4. Its policies are all NON-FORFEITING.
5. Its losses have been met by the annual interest received alone,—and a surplus of interest left over to swell the general fund belonging to the insured.
6. It has paid over $500,000 of losses, and NEVER CONTESTED A CLAIM.
7. Its rates of assurance are as cheap as any Company doing a SAFE business.
8. IT WILL NOT INSURE AN UNSOUND LIFE.
9. One half the premium will be received in the note of the insured—which note, in case of death, is NEVER deducted from the face of the policy.
10. IT HAS NO CONNECTION WITH FIRE INSURANCE.

Relative character of the Companies operating in North Carolina, as to their Assets and Liabilities, taken from the New York Insurance Report for the year 1867, which is the last report—showing how much of Assets each Company has to meet each dollar of Liability:

PHŒNIX MUTUAL	$1 74
ÆTNA	1 31
BROOKLYN	1 17
CONNECTICUT MUTUAL	1 65
EQUITABLE	1 24
MANHATTAN	1 42

The PHŒNIX MUTUAL offers peculiar inducements to citizens of the Southern States—its regulations with regard to residence and travel being almost unrestricted.

These statements are made from impartial reports in the hands of the Agents of the Company.

Principal Office, HARTFORD, CONN.

For further information, apply to the Traveling Agents, or to

WILLIAM H. BAGLEY,
General Agent for North Carolina,
Raleigh, N. C.

Jan. 1—12t 3m

BROOKLYN LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

ISSUES POLICIES OF ALL KINDS, LIFE AND ENDOWMENT.

DIVIDENDS PAID ANNUALLY IN CASH.

ABSOLUTELY NO RESTRICTION UPON TRAVEL OR RESIDENCE

ALL POLICIES POSITIVELY NON-FORFEITABLE.

☞ Part of the premium loaned, and *no loan or premium note is a lien or claim* on the policy in case of death after the second year. ☜

THIS COMPANY OFFERS PECULIAR ADVANTAGES TO THE SOUTHERN PEOPLE. IT IS the most

LIBERAL COMPANY IN THE UNITED STATES,

its rates being lower than those of other Companies.

Office, No. 141 Broadway, New York City.

WM. H. COLE, Secretary. | CHRISTIAN W. BOUCK,

Information gladly furnished in detail, by

A. W. LAWRENCE,
General Agent for the State of North Carolina.

Raleigh, N. C., March 23—1868-2m

The Daily Sentinel.

MONDAY, JULY 27, 1868.

JULY, 1868.

ANDREWS,

THE CLOTHIER.

(Opposite Tucker Hall.)

SPECIAL OPENING.

Elegant Dress Suits, Latest Style;
Plain and Fancy Cassimere Suits;
White Duck Linen Suits;
Boys' Brown Linen Suits;
Youths' Cassimere Suits;
Fine Dress Shirts;
Gauze Merino Under Shirts;
Linen Drawers;
Jean Drawers;
Cravats and Suspenders;

Together with every article usually kept in a gentleman's first class FURNISHING ESTABLISHMENT.

☞ *The prices to suit the times.*

July 2-tf

Prime Mess Pork.

JUST RECEIVED, another consignment of PRIME MESS PORK, which will be sold at a reduced price.
JAS. M. TOWLES,
July 11—1w Commission Merchant.

Eggs, Eggs, Eggs.

50 DOZ. FRESH EGGS.
For sale at 15c. per dozen, by
July 11-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

IRISH POTATOES!!
For sale by
July 11-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

Goldsboro' Female College.

THE FALL SESSION will open on the 1st Monday in August, and continue twenty weeks.

BOARD AND TUITION, exclusive of washing and lights, $95.00. Address
E. W. ADAMS, President.
July 11—law1Sept.1 Goldsboro'.

JOHN G. WILLIAMS & CO.,

BANKING,

Exchange and Collection Office,
FAYETTEVILLE STREET,
RALEIGH, N. C.

Dealers in Bank Notes, Coin, &c.

Prompt and particular attention given to the collection of Notes, Drafts, &c., in all parts of the country.

Refer to NATIONAL BANK OF THE REPUBLIC, New York.
June 26-1m*

TABLE AND POCKET CUTLERY!
44 Fayetteville Street!

FINE IVORY-HANDLED DINNER AND TEA Knives, Plated Forks, Table and Tea Spoons, Good Knives and Forks for Family use, Rogers and Westenholm's Congress Knives.
J. BROWN,
Raleigh, July 8-tf With Hart & Lewis.

1868. SPRING STOCK. 1868.
BOOTS, SHOES AND TRUNKS,
AT WHOLESALE ONLY!

WE HAVE RECEIVED A LARGE STOCK of
BOOTS AND SHOES,
direct from the Manufacturers, which we will sell as low as goods of the same quality can be bought in New York, Philadelphia or Baltimore.
WYCHE & PARKER,
April 1-tf No. 3 Iron Front, up Stairs. Petersburg.

☞ Those buying for cash shall have the benefit of money.

PHOTOGRAPHS!
GREAT INDUCEMENTS AT
WATSON'S GALLERY.

HAVING A LARGE STOCK OF PHOTOGRAPH FRAMES on hand I have concluded to reduce my stock by selling Frames and Cases, with Pictures complete, for about ONE HALF the usual price, for thirty days. The stock is new and the finest assortment ever brought to this Market. CALL EARLY.
June 27-tf J. W. WATSON.

[COPY.]
TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF THE COMP. OF THE CURRENCY,
Washington, June 18th, 1868.

WHEREAS, by satisfactory evidence presented to the undersigned, it has been made to appear that THE STATE NATIONAL BANK OF RALEIGH, in the city of Raleigh, in the county of Wake and State of North Carolina, has been duly organized under and according to the requirements of the Act of Congress entitled "An Act to provide a National Currency, secured by a pledge of United States bonds, and to provide for the circulation and redemption thereof," approved June 3rd, 1864, and has complied with all the provisions of said Act, required to be complied with before commencing the business of Banking, under said Act:

NOW, THEREFORE I, Hiland R. Hulburd, Comptroller of the Currency, do hereby certify that the "State National Bank of Raleigh," in the city of Raleigh, in the county of Wake, and State of North Carolina, is authorized to commence the business of Banking under the Act aforesaid. In testimony whereof, witness my hand and seal of office, this eighteenth day of June, 1868.

Seal. HILAND R. HULBURD,
Comptroller of the Currency.
No. 1,882.

STATE NATIONAL BANK,
RALEIGH, N. C.

DIRECTORS:
JOHN G. WILLIAMS, PRESIDENT.
W. E. ANDERSON, Cashier.
WM. B. MASON, W. W. VASS,
JAS. H. FOOTE.

DEALERS IN EXCHANGE, Sight and Time bills, Gold and Silver Coin and Bullion, Government and State Stocks, Rail Road and other securities.

Uncurrent Bank Notes bought at the counter or remitted for on receipt, by Express, on most favorable terms, by check or in currency.

Deposits received and a general banking business carried on in all its branches.
July 1-tf.

CABBAGE SEED.

Large Late Drumhead.
Large Late Flat Dutch.
Drumhead Savoy, &c., for sale by
Petersburg, July 6-tf JORDAN & CARR, Druggists.

DR. CHALONER'S CHOLERA MEDICINE cures Cholera, Cholera Morbus, Cramps and Pains in the Stomach and Bowels.
For sale by
Petersburg, July 6-tf JORDAN & CARR, Druggists.

OIL OF BAY LEAVES!

The best article known for beautifying and preserving the HAIR. Prepared and sold by
JORDAN & CARR,
Wholesale and Retail Druggists,
Sycamore, corner Washington St.
July 6-tf Petersburg, Va.

FRESH TURNIP SEED.

Large White Flat Dutch.
Large White Norfolk.
Red Top Strap Leaved and
Purple Top Yellow Ruta Baga.
Just received by
JORDAN & CARR,
Wholesale and Retail Druggists,
July 6-tf Petersburg, Va.

THE NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION!

THE PLATFORM.

"The Democratic party, in national convention assembled, reposing its trust in the intelligence, patriotism, and discriminating justice of the people, standing upon the Constitution as the foundation and limitation of the powers of the Government, and the guaranty of the liberties of the citizen, and recognizing the questions of slavery and secession as having been settled, for all time to come, by the war or the voluntary action of the Southern States in constitutional conventions assembled, and never to be renewed or re-agitated, do, with the return of peace, demand:

First.—Immediate restoration of all the States to their rights in the Union, under the Constitution, and of civil government to the American people.

Second.—Amnesty for all past political offences, and the regulation of the elective franchise in the States by their citizens.

Third.—Payment of the public debt of the United States as rapidly as practicable; all moneys drawn from the people by taxation, except so much as is requisite for the necessities of the Government, economically administered, being honestly applied to such payment, and where the obligations of the Government do not expressly state upon their face, or the law under which they were issued does not provide that they shall be paid in coin, they ought, in right and in justice, to be paid in the lawful money of the United States.

Fourth.—Equal taxation of every species of property according to its real value, including Government bonds and other public securities.

Fifth.—One currency for the Government and the people, the laborer and the officeholder, the pensioner and the soldier, the producer and the bondholder.

Sixth.—Economy in the administration of the Government; the reduction of the standing army and navy; the abolition of the Freedmen's Bureau (great cheering) and all political instrumentalities designed to secure negro supremacy; simplification of the system and discontinuance of inquisitorial modes of assessing and collecting internal revenue, so that the burden of taxation may be equalized and lessened, the credit of the Government and the currency made good; the repeal of all enactments for enrolling the State militia into national forces in time of peace; and a tariff for revenue upon foreign imports, and such equal taxation under the internal revenue laws as will afford incidental protection to domestic manufactures, and as will, without impairing the revenue, impose the least burden upon and best promote and encourage the great industrial interests of the country.

Seventh.—Reform of abuses in the Administration, the expulsion of corrupt men from office, the abrogation of useless offices, the restoration of rightful authority to and the independence of the executive and judicial departments of the Government, the subordination of the military to the civil power, to the end that the usurpations of Congress and the despotism of the sword may cease.

Eighth.—Equal rights and protection for naturalized and native born citizens at home and abroad; the assertion of American nationality which shall command the respect of foreign Powers, and furnish an example and encouragement to people struggling for national integrity, constitutional liberty, and individual rights; and the maintenance of the rights of naturalized citizens against the absolute doctrine of immutable allegiance and the claims of foreign Powers to punish them for alleged crime committed beyond their jurisdiction.

In demanding these measures and reforms we arraign the Radical party for its disregard of right, and the unparalleled oppression and tyranny which have marked its career. After the most solemn and unanimous pledge of both Houses of Congress to prosecute the war exclusively for the maintenance of the Government and the preservation of the Union under the Constitution, it has repeatedly violated that most sacred pledge, under which alone was rallied that noble volunteer army which carried our flag to victory.

Instead of restoring the Union, it has, so far as is in its power, dissolved it, and subjected ten States, in time of profound peace, to military despotism and negro supremacy.

It has nullified there the right of trial by jury; it has abolished the *habeas corpus*, that most sacred writ of liberty; it has overthrown the freedom of speech and the press; it has substituted arbitrary seizures and arrests, and military trials and secret star-chamber inquisitions for the constitutional tribunals; it has disregarded in time of peace the right of the people to be free from searches and seizures; it has entered the post and telegraph offices, and even the private rooms of individuals, and seized their private papers and letters without any specific charge or notice of affidavit, as required by the organic law; it has converted the American capitol into a bastile; it has established a system of spies and official espionage to which no constitutional monarchy of Europe would dare to resort; it has abolished the right of appeal on important constitutional questions to the supreme judicial tribunal, and threatens to curtail or destroy its original jurisdiction, which is irrevocably vested by the Constitution, while the learned Chief Justice has been subjected to the most atrocious calumnies merely because he would not prostitute his high office to the support of the false and partisan charges preferred against the President. Its corruption and extravagance have exceeded anything known in history, and by its frauds and monopolies it has nearly doubled the burden of the debt created by the war. It has stripped the President of his constitutional power of appointment even of his own Cabinet. Under its repeated assaults the pillars of the Government are rocking on their base, and should it succeed in November next, and inaugurate its President, we will meet, as a subjected and conquered people, amid the ruins of liberty and the scattered fragments of the Constitution; and we do declare and resolve that ever since the people of the United States threw off all subjection to the British Crown, the privilege and trust of suffrage have belonged to the several States, and have been granted, regulated, and controlled exclusively by the political power of each State respectively, and that any attempt by Congress, on any pretext whatever, to deprive any State of this right, or to interfere with its exercise, is a flagrant usurpation of power which can find no warrant in the Constitution; and if sanctioned by the people will subvert our form of government, and can only end in a single centralized and consolidated Government, in which the separate existence of the States will be merged and lost.

"We denounce the policy of negro supremacy which seeks to establish a political power in the South based upon the degradation of one half the population, and the exclusion from office of all persons who have been faithful to the Government during the late rebellion, as destructive of the peace and welfare of the country, and we denounce the action of the present Administration in giving its support to this policy as unwise, unjust, and dangerous.

"We denounce the financial policy of the present Administration as a bold departure from the well established usages of the Government, and a distinct recognition of the doctrine of unlimited power in the discretion of Congress over the business interests of the country, which will, if continued, destroy the foundations of commercial credit, and entail bankruptcy and ruin upon the people.

"We denounce the public debt heretofore contracted, and now existing, as the price of the blood of our murdered soldiers and sailors, who carried the flag of our country to victory against a most gallant and determined foe, must ever be gratefully remembered, and all the guarantees given in their favor must be faithfully carried into execution.

That the public lands should be distributed as widely as possible among the people, and should be disposed of either under the pre-emption or homestead laws, and sold in reasonable quantities, and to none but actual occupants, at the minimum price established by the Government. When grants of the public lands may be allowed necessary for the encouragement of important public improvements, the proceeds of the sale of such lands, and not the lands themselves, should be so applied.

That the President of the United States, Andrew Johnson, (applause,) in exercising the power of his high office in resisting the aggressions of Congress upon the constitutional rights of the States and the people, is entitled to the gratitude of the whole American people, and in behalf of the Democratic party we tender him our thanks for his patriotic efforts in that regard."

DRY GOODS.

New Spring and Summer Goods for 1868.

CHEAP FOR CASH.

LOOK OUT FOR A. CREECH!

JUST RECEIVED, $15,000 worth of new Spring and Summer Goods, which must, at all events, be sold within the next sixty days, if possible. If you want

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,

I have a beautiful assortment of the various styles and latest importations. It is a well known fact, and universally admitted, that

CREECH'S IS THE PLACE

to buy your goods. This can be, and is substantiated daily, by hundreds.

If you want Cassimeres, Tweeds, Kentucky Jeans, Cotton and Linen Goods of all descriptions, and

At Low Prices,

suitable for gentlemen, boys and children's wear, CREECH'S is the place to look for them.

Why, you may go up one side of Fayetteville Street and down the other; yes, and then the cross streets, and you will be found to come to the conclusion that CREECH'S is the place you had better do your trading. If you want

LADIES' BONNETS,

trimmed or untrimmed, CREECH'S is the place to get them. If you wish to purchase any style of

LADIES, MISSES OR CHILDREN'S HATS,

don't buy until you have seen CREECH'S, or you will miss a great bargain, as he has one of the largest and most beautiful assortments in the City. If you are looking for

MEN'S, BOYS' AND CHILDREN'S HATS,

Ladies, Men and Children's Shoes, why if you stop at Creech's you will surely be suited in style, quality and price.

I told the people, some time ago, that there was no House in the City that could or would sell goods cheaper than I, and now I intend to keep my word. I said then what I meant, and now mean what I say. So don't fail to come to CREECH'S, on R. Smith's corner.

A. CREECH,
April 8 Fayetteville Street.

NEW ARRIVALS.

Goods as LOW as they can be found in this latitude,

AT

S. H. & W. J. YOUNG'S,

No. 21 Fayetteville St.,

RALEIGH, N. C.

The Senior of this firm has been selling Goods for the last twenty years, in this market, and can say to our friends that, considering all things, he never had a

BETTER, NICER OR CHEAPER

STOCK OF GOODS

To offer them than they are now opening at their Store, No. 21 Fayetteville street, Raleigh, N. C.
S. H. & W. J. YOUNG.
October 4, 1867—tf.

CLOTHING STORES.

Gentlemen's Furnishing Store.

EVERY ARTICLE necessary to a gentleman's complete outfit can be obtained of

R. B. ANDREWS & CO.,

CLOTHIERS,

OPPOSITE TUCKER HALL,

Raleigh, N. C.

June 4-tf

JUST RECEIVED!

FINE BLACK DRESS SUITS,

FINE BLACK ALPACA SACKS AND FROCKS,

A new lot of very superior

WHITE MARSEILLES VESTS,

Very desirable in warm weather,
At
R. B. ANDREWS & CO'S.,
GENT'S FURNISHING STORE,
Opposite Tucker Hall,
June 4-tf Raleigh, N. C.

JUST RECEIVED.

A NEW LOT OF

FINE DRESS SHIRTS,

All sizes. A perfect fit guaranteed in every instance.

All persons in want of such a luxury should call and supply themselves at once,
At
R. B. ANDREWS & CO'S.,
GENT'S OUTFITTING ESTABLISHMENT,
Opposite Tucker Hall,
June 4-tf Raleigh, N. C.

MISCELLANEOUS.

P. F. PESCUD,

GENERAL INSURANCE AGENT,

HAS REMOVED his office to his former Drug Store, where he will receive applications and issue Policies of Insurance against loss by Fire, at the lowest remunerative rates, in the following first-class Companies, viz:

Phœnix, of Hartford,
Atlantic, of Brooklyn,
Security, of New York,
Putnam, of Hartford,
Home, of New Haven,
Valley of Virginia, Winchester,
Jefferson, of Virginia, and
The Underwriter's, Selma, Ala.

Their combined Capital and Assets exceeding **$5,500,000.**

LOSSES PROMPTLY ADJUSTED AND PAID.
Dec. 14—116-tf P. F. PESCUD, Ins. Agent.

GUILFORD LAND AGENCY OF NORTH CAROLINA.

LANDHOLDERS WHO WISH TO SELL

Agricultural or Mineral Lands, Water Powers, Mills, Town Lots, or Real Estate

of any kind, will find it to their advantage to place their property in our hands for sale. We have great facilities for procuring purchasers for all such property.
For information, address
JNO. B. GRETTER,
General Agent,
Greensboro', N. C.
Or PHIL THIEM, Agent, Raleigh, N. C.
Oct. 21—72-tf

1868. 1868.

NEW ARRANGEMENT

FOR THE

SENTINEL.

Published in the City of Raleigh, N. C.,

Daily, Semi Weekly and Weekly.

William E. Pell, } Editors.
Seaton Gales, }

In view of the scarcity of money, and the severity of the times, the Proprietor of the SENTINEL has determined to reduce the terms of the paper, to commence after the 31st. DECEMBER, next, and to make such improvements in its general character as will commend it to the patronage of an enlightened public.

In POLITICS it will be thoroughly Conservative, advocating, at all times:

A strict observance of the Constitution of the United States, and the harmonious Union of equal States;

Obedience to law and the enforcement of order;

The supremacy of the civil over the military, in time of peace;

The equality of the three co-ordinate branches of the government;

The sovereignty of the States over their own internal affairs, in strict conformity to the Constitution;

The maintenance of freedom and justice to all, without distinction of color, but the supremacy of the white race as the governing class;

Opposition to Radicalism in all its phases.

As a NEWS journal, it shall be equal to any.—The principal markets will be regularly published.

Its LITERARY character shall be maintained and improved, by contributions from our best writers.

Finally, the SENTINEL will seek to be the special promoter of the educational, moral and economical interests of the people of North Carolina.

Terms:

Daily Sentinal, for one ye ar	$8 00
" " six months,	4 00
" " three months	2 00
Semi-Weekly Sentinal, for one year,	4 00
" " six months,	2 00
" " three months,	1 00
Weekly " for one year,	2 00
" " six months,	1 00

All subscriptions strictly cash in advance.

As an advertising medium, the SENTINEL is equal to any in the State. Terms moderate.

☞ We ask every Conservative in the State to become our Agent to extend the circulation of the SENTINEL. The events of 1868 will be exciting and important. The WEEKLY SENTINEL should be in the hands of the great body of the people—The terms are now so low that every one will be able to pay for it.

W. E. PELL,
Raleigh, Jan. 1st., 1868. Proprietor

MISCELLANEOUS

1868, 1868.

SPRING TRADE.

TIN WARE AT WHOLESALE.

A LARGE LOT OF TIN WARE ON HAND and constantly making, which will be sold at NEW YORK PRICES!

Material good and workmanship unsurpassed. The undersigned is conducting a NORTH CAROLINA ENTERPRISE, and asks the co-operation of Southern Merchants. He is by availing himself of the best and most improved machinery, prepared to fill all orders for TIN WARE, and can make the supply equal to the demand.

Send me your orders. Satisfaction guaranteed. I will take any kind of good produce in exchange for Tin Ware and particularly want, at best prices, **Rags, Beeswax, Old Copper and Brass** and will pay cash for same, when preferred.

Send for a Price List and compare with your Northern Bills—I WILL TRADE FAIR.

I will keep constantly on hand a good assortment of **Cooking Stoves, Buck's Patent** and others of best make, and will sell right.

E. H. POGUE,
Feb 3-150-tf Hillsboro N. C.

Guisers' Separator and Horse Power.

JUST received at N. C. Depot, one more of those celebrated Machines, which will be sold, at Manufacturer's prices, either with or without the Power—freight only added. Call at once and secure it.

—ALSO—

In store Harman's **Steel Tooth Wheel Horse Rake** for 1868, and the Dixie Wheat Fan.
July 3-tf. JAMES M. TOWLES, Agent.

BOARD.

BY THE DAY, WEEK OR MONTH,

At Reasonable Rates.

MY TABLE WILL BE SUPPLIED WITH the best the Market affords. No pains will be spared to render comfortable all who may favor me with a call.

TWO DOLLARS PER DAY

will be charged transient persons. A deduction for longer time.

Members of the approaching Legislature will do well to call, before engaging board elsewhere.
June 25-tf GEO. T. COOKE.

THE STAMP ACT.

One of the Tax Laws of the U. S.

Acknowledgment of Deeds, exempt.

Affidavit, 5 cents; in suit or legal proceedings, exempt.

Agreement or Appraisement, for each sheet or piece of paper on which the same is written, 5 cents

Assignment or Transfers, of Mortgage, lease or policy of insurance, the same duty as on the original instrument of patent right 5 cents.

Bank Checks, Drafts or Orders, &c., at sight or on demand, 2 cents.

Bills of Exchange, Inland drafts or orders payable otherwise than at sight or on demand, and any promissory note whatever, payable on demand or at a time designated [except bank notes issued for circulation, and checks made and intended to be, and which shall be, forthwith presented for payment] for a sum not exceeding $100, 5 cents.

For every additional $100 or fractional part thereof, 5 cents.

Bills of Lading vessels for the ports of the United States or British North America, exempt.

On receipt of goods on any foreign ports, 10 cts.

Bills of Sale of any vessel, or part thereof, when the consideration does not exceed $500, 50 cents.

Exceeding $500 and not exceeding $1,000, $1.

Exceeding one thousand dollars for each five hundred dollars or fractional part thereof, 50 cents

Of personal property, other than ship or vessel, Bond personal, for payment of money (see mortgage)—Official, $1.

For indemnifying any person for the payment of any sum of money, where the money ultimately recoverable thereupon is one thousand dollars or less, 50 cents.

Where the money recoverable exceeds one thousand dollars, for every additional one thousand dollars or fractional part thereof, 50 cents.

Bonds, county, city and town bonds, railroads and other corporation bonds and scrip, are subject to stamp duty. (See mortgage.) Of any description, other than such as are required in legal proceedings, and such as are not otherwise charged in this schedule, 25 cents.

Certificates of deposit in bank, sum not exceeding one hundred dollars, 2 cents.

Of deposit in bank, sum exceeding one hundred dollars, 5 cents.

Of stock in an incorporated company, 25 cents.

General, 5 cents.

Of a qualification of a Justice of the Peace, Commissioner of deeds or Notary public, 5 cents.

Of search of records, 5 cents.

That certain papers are on file, 5 cents.

That certain paper cannot be found 5 cents.

Of redemption of land sold for taxes, 5 cents.

Of birth, marriage and death, 5 cents.

Of qualifications of school teachers, 5 cents

Of profits of an incorporated company, for a sum not less than ten dollars and not exceeding fifty dollars, 10 cents.

Exceeding fifty dollars and not exceeding one thousand dollars, 25 cents.

Exceeding one thousand dollars, for every additional one thousand, or fractional part thereof, 25 cents.

Of damage or otherwise, and all other certificates or documents issued by any port warden, marine surveyor, or other person acting as such, 25 cents.

Certified Transcript of Judgments, satisfaction of judgments and of all papers recorded or on file, 5 cents.

Check, draft or order for the payment of any sum of money exceeding $10, drawn upon any person or other than a bank, banker or trust company, at sight or on demand, 2 cents.

Contract (See Agreement Brokers,) 10 cents.

Conveyance deed, instrument of writing, whereby lands, tenements, or other reality sold shall be conveyed, the actual value of which does not exceed $500, 50 cents.

Exceeding $500 and not exceeding $1,000, $1.

For every additional five hundred dollars, or fractional part thereof, in excess of one thousand dollars, 50 cents.

Entry of any goods, wares or merchandize at any custom house, not exceeding one hundred dollars in value, 25 cents.

Exceeding one hundred dollars and not exceeding five hundred dollars in value, 50 cents.

Exceeding five hundred dollars in value, $1.00.

For the withdrawal of any goods or merchandise from bonded warehouse, 50 cents.

Ganger's return if for quantity not exceeding five hundred gallons gross, 10 cents

Exceeding 500 gallons, 25 cents.

Power of Attorney to sell or transfer stock, or collect dividends thereon, 2 cents.

To vote at an election of an incorporated company, 10 cents.

To receive or collect rents, 25 cents.

To sell, or convey, or rent, or lease real estate, $1.00

For any other purpose, 50 cents

Probate of will or letters of administration, where the value of both real and personal estate does not exceed $2,0 0 $1,00.

For every additional $2,000, or fractional part thereof, in excess of $2,000, 50 cents.

Bonds of executors, administrators, guardians and trustees, are each subjected to a stamp duty of $1,00.

Protest upon bill, note, check or draft, 25 cts.

Promissory, (See Bills of Exchange, inland.)

Renewal of, subject to same duty as original note

Receipt for the payment of any sum of money, or debt due, exceeding twenty dollars, or for the delivery of any property, 2 cents.

Trust Deed made to secure a debt to be stamped as a mortgage conveying estate to uses, to be stamped as conveyances.

Warehouse Receipt for any goods, wares or merchandise, not otherwise provided for, deposited or stored in any public or private warehouse not exceeding five hundred dollars in value, 10cts

Exceeding five hundred and not exceeding one thousand dollars 20 cents.

Exceeding $1,000, for every $1 000 or fractional part thereof, in excess of $1,000, 10 cents.

For any goods, etc., not otherwise provided for, stored or deposited in any public or private warehouse or yard, 25 cents.

Writs or Legal Documents, writs or other legal process by which any suit is commenced in any court of record, either of law or equity, 50 cents

Writ or original process issued by a court not of record, where the amount claimed is $100 or over, 50.

Upon every confession of judgment or cognovit for $100 or over, except in cases where the tax for a writ has been paid, 50 cents.

Writ or other process, appeals from justices courts, or other courts of inferior jurisdiction, to a court of record, 50 cents.

Warrants of distress, when the amount of rent claimed does not exceed $100 50 cents.

When the amount exceeds $100 50 cents.

Insurance, Marine, Inland and Fire. Where the consideration paid for the insurance, in cash premium notes, or both, does not exceed $10, 10 cents.

Exceeding ten dollars, and not exceeding fifty, 50 cents.

Insurance Life, when the amount insured does not exceed one thousand dollars, 25 cents.

Exceeding $1,000 and not exceeding $5,000, 50 cts.

Exceeding $5,000, $1,00.

Lease of lands or tenements where the rents do not exceed $300 per annum, 50 cents.

Exceeding $300, for each additional $300, or fractional part thereof, in excess of $300, 50 cents.

Perpetual, subject to stamp duty as a "conveyance."

Clause of guaranty of payment of rent incorporated or endorsed, five cents additional.

Measurers' Return, if for quantity not exceeding one thousand bushels, 10 cents.

Exceeding 1,000 bushels, 25 cents.

Mortgage, trust deed, bill of sales, or personal bond for the payment of money exceeding $100 and not exceeding $500, 50 cents.

Exceeding $500, for every additional $500, or fractional part thereof, in excess of $500, 50 cents.

Pawner's Checks 5 cents.

Passage Ticket from the United States to any foreign port, costing not more than $35, 50 cents.

Costing more than $35, and not exceeding $50 $1.00.

For every additional $50, or fractional part thereof, in excess of $50, $1.00.

GENERAL REMARKS.

Revenue stamps may be used indiscriminately upon any of the matters or things enumerated in Schedule B., except proprietary and playing card stamps, for which a special use has been provided.

Postage stamps cannot be used in payment of the duty chargeable on instruments.

It is the duty of the maker of an instrument to affix and cancel the stamp thereon. If he neglects to do so, the party for whom it is made may stamp it before it is used; and, if used after the 30th of July, 1864, and used without a stamp, it cannot afterwards be effectually stamped. Any failure upon the part of the maker of an instrument, to appropriately stamp it, renders him liable to a penalty of two hundred dollars.

Suits are commenced in many States by other process than writ, viz: summons, warrants, publication, &c., in which case these, as the original process, severally require stamps.

Writs of scire facias are subject to stamp duty as original process.

The jurat of an affidavit, taken before a Justice of the Peace, Notary Public, or other officer duly authorized to take affidavits, is held to be a certificate, and is subject to a stamp duty of five cents, except when taken in suits or legal proceedings.

Certificates of loan in which there shall appear any printed or written evidence of an amount of money to be paid on demand or at any time designated, are subject to stamp duty as Promissory Notes.

The assignment of a mortgage is subject to the same duty as that imposed upon the original instrument; that is to say, for every sum of five hundred dollars, or any fractional part thereof, of the amount secured by the mortgage, at time of its assignment, there must be affixed a stamp or stamps, denoting a duty of five cents.

When two or more persons join in the execution of an instrument, the stamps to which this instrument is liable, under the law, may be affixed and cancelled by one of the parties.

In conveyance of real estate, the law provides that the stamp affixed must shewer to the value of the estate or interest conveyed.

No stamp is required on warrant of attorney accompanying a bond or note, when such bond or note has affixed thereto the stamp or stamps denoting the duty required and whenever any bond or note is secured by mortgage, but one stamp duty is required on such papers, such stamp duty being the highest rates required for such instruments, or either of them. In such case a note or memorandum of the value or denomination of the stamp affixed should be made upon the margin or in the acknowledgment of the instrument which is not stamped.

THE FORTIETH CONGRESS.

The following is a full list of the members of both Houses of the Fortieth Congress, the Republican members being marked "r," and the opposition "d."

SENATE.

Benjamin F. Wade, r, of Ohio, President.
John W. Forney, r, of Penn., Secretary.

MAINE.		**INDIANA.**	
Term Expires		*Term Expires.*	
Lot M Morrill, r	'73	O A Hendricks, d	'69
Wm P Fessenden, r	'71	Oliver Morton, r	'69
NEW HAMPSHIRE.		**ILLINOIS**	
Aaron H Cragin, r	'73	Richard Yates, r	'71
Jas W Patterson, r	'69	Lyman Trumbull, r	'73
VERMONT.		**MICHIGAN.**	
Geo F Edmunds, r	'67	Zach Chandler, r	'69
Justus S Morrill, r	'67	Jacob M Howard, r	'71
MASSACHUSETTS.		**WISCONSIN.**	
Charles Sumner, r	'73	T R Doolittle, d	'69
Henry Wilson, r	'73	Timothy O Howe, r	'69
RHODE ISLAND.		**MINNESOTA.**	
William Sprague, r	'69	Alex Ramsey, r	'69
Henry B Anthony, r	'73	Daniel S Norton, d	'71
CONNECTICUT.		**IOWA.**	
James Dixon, d	'69	James W Grimes, r	'71
Orris S Ferry, r	'73	James Harlan, r	'73
NEW YORK.		**MISSOURI.**	
Edwin D Morgan, r	'69	John B Henderson, r	'69
Roscoe Conkling, r	'73	Charles D Drake, r	'73
NEW JERSEY.		**KANSAS.**	
F T Frelinghuysen, r	'69	Edmund G Ross, r	'71
Alex G Cattell, r	'73	Samuel C Pomeroy, r	'73
PENNSYLVANIA.		**NEBRASKA.**	
C R Buckalew, d	'69	Thos W Tipton, r	'69
Simon Cameron, r	'75	John M Thayer, r	'71
DELAWARE.		**NEVADA.**	
Geo R Riddle, d	'69	Wm M Stewart, r	'69
Wm Saulsbury, d	'71	James W Nye, r	'71
MARYLAND.		**CALIFORNIA.**	
Reverdy Johnson, d	'69	John Conness, r	'69
——— Hamilton, d	———	Cornelius Cole, r	'71
WEST VIRGINIA.		**OREGON.**	
P G Van Winkle, r	'69	Jno H Williams, r	'71
Waitman T Willey, r	'71	Henry Corbett, r	'73
KENTUCKY.		**COLORADO.**	
——— Mc Creery, d	———	John Evans, r	———
Garrett Davis, d	'73	Jerome B Chaffee, r	———
TENNESSEE.		*Not admitted.	
D T Patterson, d	'69		
Joseph S Fowler, r	'71		
OHIO.		**RECAPITULATION.**	
Benjamin F Wade, r	'69	Republicans 44. Democrats and Conservatives, 10.	
John Sherman, r	'73		

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Schuyler Colfax, r, of Indiana, Speaker
Edward McPherson, r, of Pennsylvania, Clerk

MAINE.		**OHIO.**	
John Lynch, r		Horace Maynard, r	
Sidney Perham, r		William D Stokes, r	
James G Blaine, r		James Mullins, r	
John A Peters, r		John Trimble, r	
Frederick A Pike, r		Samuel M Arnell, r	
NEW HAMPSHIRE.		Samuel E Hawkins, r	
Jacob H Ela, r		David A Nunn, r	
Aaron F Stevens, r		**OHIO.**	
Jacob Benton, r		Benjamin Eggleston, r	
VERMONT.		Samuel F Carey, r	
F E Woodridge, r		Robt C Schenck, r	
Luke P Poland, r		Wm Lawrence, r	
W C Smith, r		Wm Mungen, d	
MASSACHUSETTS.		Reader W Clarke, r	
Thomas D Eliott, r		Samuel Shellabarger, r	
Oakes Ames, r		C S Hamilton, r	
Ginery Twitchell, r		Ralph P Buckland, r	
Samuel Hooper, r		James M Ashley, r	
Benjamin F Butler, r		John T Wilson, r	
Nathaniel P Banks, r		Pallad Van Trump, d	
George S Boutwell, r		George W Morgan, d	
John D Baldwin, r		Martin Welker, r	
Wm B Washburn, r		Tobias A Plants, r	
Henry L Dawes, r		John A Bingham, r	
RHODE ISLAND.		Ephraim R Eckley, r	
Thomas Jenckes, r		Rufus P Spaulding, r	
Nathan F Dixon, r		James A Garfield, r	
CONNECTICUT.		**INDIANA.**	
Richard D Hubbard, d		Wm E Niblack, d	
Julius Hotchkiss, d		Michael C Kerr, d	
H H Starkweather, r		Morton C Hunter, r	
William H Barnum, d		Wm S Holman, d	
NEW YORK.		George W Julian, r	
Stephen Tabor, d		John Coburn, r	
Demas Barnes, d		H D Washburn, r	
Wm E Robinson, d		Goodlove S Orth, r	
John Fox, d		Schuyler Colfax, r	
John Morrisey, d		John P C Shanks, r	
Thomas E Stewart, d		**ILLINOIS.**	
John W Chandler, d		At large—J A Logan, r	
Jas Brooks, d		Norman B Judd, r	
Fernando Wood, d		John F Farnsworth, r	
Wm H Robertson, r		Elihu B Washburne, r	
Thomas H Van Wyck, r		Abner C Harding, r	
John H Ketchum, r		Shelby M Cullom, r	
Thomas Cornell, r		Ebon C Ingersoll, r	
John L Pruyn, d		Burton C Cook, r	
John A Griswold, r		H P Bromwell, r	
Orange Ferris, r		Lewis W Ross, d	
Calvin T Huibard, r		Albert G Burr, d	
James M Mervin, r		Samuel S Marshall, d	
Wm C Fields, r		John Baker, r	
Addison H Laflin, r		Green B Raum, r	
Alex H Bailey, r		**MICHIGAN.**	
John C Churchill, r		Fer C Beaman, r	
Denis McCarthy, r		Chas Upson, r	
Theo M Pomeroy, r		Austin Blair, r	
Wm H Kelsey, r		Thos W Ferry, r	
Wm S Lincoln, r		H E Trowbridge, r	
Hamilton Ward, r		Jno F Driggs, r	
Lewis Selye, r		**WISCONSIN.**	
Burt Van Horn, r		Halbert E Paine, r	
James M Murphy, d		Ben F Hopkins, r	
Henry Van Aernam, r		Amasa Cobb, r	
NEW JERSEY.		Chas A Eldridge, d	
Wm Moore, r		Philetus Sawyer, r	
Chas Haight, d		C C Washburne, r	
Chas Sinnigreaves, d		**MINNESOTA.**	
John Hill, r		Wm Windom, r	
Geo A Halsey, r		Ignatius Donnelly, r	
PENNSYLVANIA.		**IOWA.**	
Samuel J Randall, d		James F Wilson, r	
Chas O'Neill, r		Hiram Price, r	
Leonard Myers, r		Wm B Allison, r	
Wm D Kelley, r		Wm Loughbridge, r	
Caleb N Taylor, r		George M Dodge, r	
Ben M Boyer, d		Asahel W Hubbard, r	
Jno M Bromell, r		**KENTUCKY.**	
Jno L Gerd, d		Wm A Pile, r	
Thaddeus Stevens, r		Chas A Newcomb, r	
Henry L Cake, r		Jas B McCormick, d	
David M Van Auken, d		Jos J Gravelly, r	
Geo W Woodward, d		Jos W McClurg, r	
Ulysses Mercer, r		Robt T Van Horn, r	
George F Miller, r		Ben F Loan, r	
A J Grossbrenner, d		John F Benjamin, r	
Wm H Koontz, r		George W Anderson, r	
Daniel J Morrell, r		**NEBRASKA.**	
Samuel F Wilson, r		John Trade, r	
Glenni W Scofield, r		**NEVADA.**	
Darwin A Finney, r		Delos M Ashley, r	
John Covode, r		**CALIFORNIA.**	
Jas K Moorh